

# Newmark Como Property Trust

Disclosure Guide: ASIC Regulatory Guide 46 As at 31 December 2022



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# Scope of this Disclosure Guide

This guide contains disclosure about the six benchmarks and eight disclosure principles described in Regulatory Guide 46 ('RG 46') issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission ('ASIC'). RG 46 aims to improve disclosure to retail investors to help them compare risks and returns across investments in the unlisted property sector. As with all investment types, the business model of unlisted property funds can create risks for investors. There are a number of common risks associated with investments in unlisted property funds, and disclosure relating to them can help investors make informed decisions, including comparing the risks and returns across investments in the sector.

The information in this guide is as at 31 December 2022 unless stated otherwise.

Newmark Capital meets all of the ASIC benchmarks for unlisted property funds in respect of the Newmark Como Property Trust ('**Trust**') as at 31 December 2022.



# 1.0 Borrowings

# 1.1 Disclosure Principle 1 - Gearing ratio

The Trust's **gearing ratio** was approximately **45.50%** as at **31 December 2022** based on the Trust's audited financial statements as at 31 December 2022. The gearing ratio is calculated using the following formula:

Gearing ratio =	Total interest-bearing liabilities
	Total assets

#### **Explanation to investors**

The gearing ratio demonstrates the extent to which a trust's total assets are funded by interest-bearing liabilities and gives an indication of the potential risks investors face in terms of external liabilities that rank ahead of them. A higher gearing ratio means the Trust has a higher amount of debt to service, and leads to greater magnification of gains and losses for investors compared to a lower gearing ratio.

The Trust holds all assets and liabilities directly therefore the gearing ratio and the 'look-through' gearing ratio are the same.

# 1.2 Benchmark 1 - Gearing policy

Benchmark	The Responsible Entity maintains and complies with a written policy that governs the level of gearing at an individual credit facility level.
Met or not met	The Trust met the benchmark.

#### **Newmark Capital Policy**

Newmark Capital has a Gearing Policy under which it seeks to limit the Trust's gearing ratio to no greater than 55% on a Trust level and on an individual credit facility level.

# 1.3 Disclosure Principle 2 - Interest cover ratio

The Trust's **interest cover ratio** (**ICR**') was **2.11 times** as at **31 December 2022** based on the Trust's reviewed financial statements as at 31 December 2022.

#### **Explanation to investors**

The ICR measures the ability of a trust to service interest on debt from earnings. The lower the interest cover ratio, the higher the risk that a trust will not be able to meet its interest expense. Failure to make an interest payment when due can lead to a requirement to repay debt, sell assets and pay additional fees and penalties that can result in losses for investors in unlisted property funds.

The Trust's interest cover ratio of 2.11 times means that the Trust should be able to pay distributions and expenses of the Trust after the payment of interest, and the income of the Trust should be sufficient to cover these costs.



# 1.4 Benchmark 2 - Interest cover policy

Benchmark	The Responsible Entity maintains and complies with a written policy that governs the level of interest cover at an individual credit facility level.
Met or not met	The Trust met the benchmark.

## **Newmark Capital Policy**

Newmark Capital maintains and complies with a written interest cover policy that governs the level of interest cover at an individual credit facility level. Under this policy, Newmark Capital targets to limit interest cover ratio to be no less than 2.0 times on an individual credit facility level.

# 1.5 Benchmark 3 - Interest capitalisation

Benchmark	The interest expense of the Trust is not capitalised.
Met or not met	The Trust met the benchmark.

## **Explanation to investors**

The Trust's interest expense is not capitalised but paid monthly to the Trust's lender.

# 1.6 Disclosure Principle 3 - Scheme borrowing

Facility as at 31 December 2022		
Term	3 years	
Aggregate amount owing	\$174.6 million	
Aggregate undrawn amount	\$10.4 million	
Assets to which the facility relates	Como Centre	
Maturity profile in 12-month increments	100% - 30 June 2025	
Interest rate	Floating: Average BBSY bid rate plus margin	
Interest Cover Ratio ('ICR') covenant	x1.8	
Loan to Valuation Ratio ('LVR') covenant	55%	
Is the facility hedged?	No	
Amount (expressed as a %) by which the property values will need to fall by before the LVR covenant is breached (based audited financial statements as at 31 December 2022)	16.6%	



#### **Explanation to investors**

Most property schemes use a combination of borrowings and investors' funds to acquire properties. Borrowings enhance distributions when the cost of the borrowings is less than the return from the property and capital gain potential when property values are rising. However, they can also lead to reduced distributions when the cost of borrowings is greater than the return from the property or a larger capital loss when property values are falling. The key disclosures for scheme borrowing are set out in the table above.

Amounts owing to lenders and other creditors of the Trust rank before an investor's interest in the Trust. This means that if a lender enforces its security over the assets of the Trust then the lender will be repaid before investors in the Trust receive any capital return.



# 2.0 Assets of the Trust

# 2.1 Disclosure Principle 4 - Portfolio diversification

This disclosure principle addresses a trust's investment practices and portfolio risk. Generally, the more diversified a portfolio, the lower the risk that an adverse event affecting one property or one lease will put the overall Trust at risk.

The Trust invests in one property, the Como Centre, a landmark office, hotel and retail centre prominently positioned on the corner of two of Melbourne's best-known streets – Chapel Street and Toorak Road in South Yarra, Victoria.

The Trust's investment strategy including the intention to undertake various initiatives to add value and develop a plan for future expansion opportunities of the Como Centre was outlined in the PDS, and the Trust's current assets conform to that strategy.

Should Newmark Capital propose any development or expansion works, it will keep investors informed and outline the risk and return profile and advise of any financial return. Newmark Capital is continuing to evaluate the redevelopment opportunities at the Como Centre. An application for planning approval is currently being considered for additional office accommodation consistent with Newmark Capital's strategy of enhancing the value of the Como Centre precinct.

#### 2.1.1 Portfolio & tenant information

The Trust's investment portfolio comprises the following:

Como Centre	Area	Major tenants	Occupancy	% of gross income as at 31 December 2022
Office	NLA: 25,532m <sup>2</sup>	Network Ten Clemenger Omnicom Media VBS Investment	99.7%	71%
Retail & cinema	NLA: 6,581m <sup>2</sup>	Palace Cinema	99.5%	15%
Hotel	111 rooms	Accor	100%	6%
Car park	520 spaces	Secure Parking	100%	8%

Top 5 tenants	Tenant	% of gross income as at 31 December 2022	Area
1	Network Ten	10.5%	3,874m <sup>2</sup>
2	Clemenger	10%	3,152m <sup>2</sup>
3	Village Roadshow Group	7%	2,436 m <sup>2</sup>
4	Secure Parking	6%	520 spaces
5	Accor	6%	111 rooms



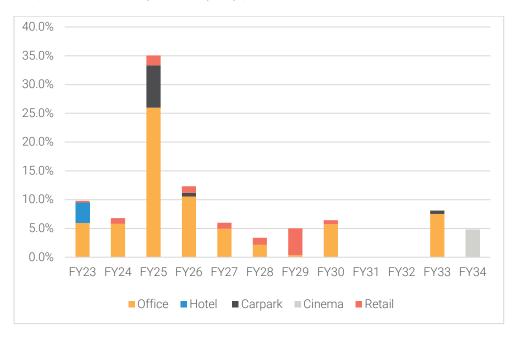
The weighted average lease expiry (**'WALE'**) for the property in the Trust is listed below by income and by area as at 31 December 2022:

	Office & Carpark	Retail & Cinema	Hotel
WALE - Income	3.76 years	6.24 years	11 months <sup>1</sup>
WALE - Area	3.82 years	6.78 years	11 months <sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The hotel lease is structured as a rolling one year term, renewing annually at the election of both parties with five one-year option terms remaining as at 31 December 2022.

The WALE is an indicator of the risk of lease expiries. It is weighted by income or area allowing for differing tenant sizes and rental rates. The higher the WALE the lower the risk of immediate lease expiries and potential vacancy and re-leasing costs.

The portfolio lease expiry profile in yearly periods based on income is set out in the chart below:



## 2.1.2 Valuation information

Property	Como Centre	
Valuation	\$380.0 million	
Date	31 March 2022	
Valuer	Independent Valuation	
Capitalisation rate	Office & Car park: 5.00% Retail: 5.00% Hotel: 5.25%	
Book value as at 31 December 2022 <sup>1</sup>	\$380 million	
% of portfolio <sup>2</sup> 100%		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The property was internally valued at 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Valuation Policy.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> By value

# 2.2 Benchmark 4 - Valuation policy

Benchmark	The Responsible Entity maintains and complies with a written valuation policy.
Met or not met	Newmark Capital met the benchmark.

## **Newmark Capital Policy**

Newmark Capital's Valuation Policy requires properties to be independently valued by a registered valuer in the relevant state:

- before acquisition of a property on an as-if-complete basis for development property and an as-is basis for all other property;
- within two months of the Board of Newmark Capital forming the view that there is a likelihood that there has been a material change in the value of a property; and
- at least every three years.

The policy meets all of the requirements of RG 46, including relating to dealing with conflicts of interest, rotation and diversity of valuers and timetable. The policy also includes information on how the Trust's property securities will be valued. A copy of the Valuation Policy can be obtained by calling us on 03 9066 3966.



# 3.0 Related Party Transactions

## 3.1 Disclosure Principle 5 - Related party transactions

Related party transactions can carry a risk that they could be assessed and monitored less rigorously than arm's length third party transactions. It is important for investors to be able to assess whether responsible entities take an appropriate approach to related party transactions. A significant number and value of such transactions may mean that investors should consider the financial position of the related group as a whole and the risk of potential conflicts of interest.

Newmark Capital's directors, shareholders and associates may hold units in the Trust, along with other investors.

Newmark Property Funds Management Pty Ltd ('Manager') has been appointed as the manager of the Trust by Newmark Capital under an Investment Management Agreement. The Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of Newmark Property Group Pty Ltd (Newmark Property Group Pty Ltd also wholly owns the Responsible Entity).

Other related parties of Newmark provide various services to the Trust:

- Newmark Operations Pty Ltd provides various services to the Manager and Newmark Capital and is a tenant of the Como Centre.
- Newmark Asset Management Pty Ltd provides leasing, property management and tenancy coordination services.
- Newmark Developments Pty Ltd provides project management and development services.

In August 2022, the Trust entered into a related party transaction with the Newmark Jam Factory Property Trust, of which the Responsible Entity is also the trustee. No financial benefits were given by the Trust under this transaction, which involved the receipt by the Trust of a payment from the Newmark Jam Factory Property Trust in conjunction with a new lease of space at 650 Chapel Street, South Yarra to Village Roadshow Group Services Pty Ltd ('Village'). The purpose of the transaction was to ensure that the Trust obtained fair market terms for rent, incentive and car park licenses. The transaction was determined to be on terms that would be reasonable as if the parties were dealing on arm's length and was approved by the majority independent Compliance Committee and the directors of the Responsible Entity.

All related party transactions are on arm's length terms and comply with Newmark Capital's Conflicts of Interest and Related Party Transactions Policy (refer to in section 3.2). All related party transaction arrangements are monitored by Newmark Capital's Compliance Committee. Related party transactions are disclosed in the Trust's annual and half-year financial statements. The most recent disclosure and financial statements can be obtained by calling us on 03 9066 3966.

## 3.2 Benchmark 5 – Related party transactions

Benchmark	The Responsible Entity maintains and complies with a written policy on related party transactions, including the assessment and approval processes for such transactions and arrangements to manage conflicts of interest.
Met or not met	Newmark Capital met the benchmark.



# **Newmark Capital Policy**

The key elements of the policy are that related party transactions must be approved by the Newmark Capital Board (with detailed information provided on the arm's length basis of the transaction), Newmark Capital must act in the best interests of investors, the transaction must be fair and reasonable and be properly documented. The policy sets out when independent reports may be appropriate, and how disclosure should be made to investors.

Detailed approval and assessment processes are set out in the policy, including ongoing monitoring by the compliance officer and Compliance Committee.



# 4.0 Trust distributions and withdrawal rights

## 4.1 Disclosure Principle 6 – Distribution practices

Distributions are intended to be calculated and paid quarterly to Unitholders and are based on the number of units held during the distribution period and the number of days that an investor held the units in the distribution period.

Distributions are generally to be paid only from cash from operations (excluding borrowings). However, the Trust may pay distributions from other sources if it is considered to be in the best interests of Unitholders and where payment from that source is expected to be sustainable in the relevant circumstances. Other sources will include borrowings or a deferral of management fees.

There are risks associated with paying distributions from sources other than cash from operations (excluding borrowings). This practice may not be commercially sustainable over the longer term, particularly where property values are not increasing.

Where part of the distribution is paid from borrowings, this reduces Unitholders' equity and the net tangible assets per unit. It will also increase the gearing ratio and gearing related risks. Where the Trust is close to its loan-to-valuation ratio covenant, the risk of breaching these covenants is increased.

The distribution for the December 2022 quarter was 1.25 cents per Unit resulting in 5.0 cents per Unit for the calendar year to December 2022, sourced from cash from operations. Distributions are forecast to remain at a rate of 5.0 cents per Unit per annum for financial year 2023, however, in this volatile interest rate environment, distribution levels will continue to be reviewed on an ongoing basis. Newmark Capital expects distributions to be paid from cash from operations.

# 4.2 Benchmark 6 - Distribution practices

Benchmark	The Trust will only pay distributions from its cash from operations (excluding borrowings) available for distribution.
Met or not met	The Trust met the benchmark.

## 4.3 Disclosure Principle 7 – Withdrawal arrangements

As the underlying asset of the Trust is illiquid, Unitholders will generally not be able to withdraw from the Trust during the remainder of the Trust  $Term^{1}$ .

In 2022, Newmark Capital undertook a review of the Trust ('Trust Review') which included its debt, capital structure and term. As part of this Trust Review, Newmark Capital offered Unitholders the opportunity to withdraw some of their investment in the Trust.

Newmark Capital will continue to review strategic opportunities for the Trust and Unitholders and expects to call a meeting in approximately the 10th year of the Trust to consider the future of the Trust (including but not limited to whether the Trust is to be wound up or whether it should continue and whether a liquidity facility can be offered).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The term of the Trust, which is to be approximately 10 years from 28 June 2016.



# 4.4 Disclosure Principle 8 - Net tangible assets

The Trust's **net tangible assets ('NTA') on a per unit basis** was **\$1.73** as at **31 December 2022** based on the Trust's audited financial statements. The NTA is calculated using the following formula:

NTA = Net assets – intangible assets +/- any other adjustments\*

Number of units in the scheme on issue

#### **Explanation to investors**

The NTA calculation should be based on the Trust's latest financial statements. The latest financial statements would usually be the latest audited or reviewed financial statements, except where Newmark Capital is aware of material changes since those statements were issued.

An NTA calculation helps unitholders understand the value of the assets upon which the value of their unit is determined. Changes in the NTA provide unitholders information on the performance of the Trust and therefore the performance of their investment. The NTA is also an indication of what value will be returned to them at the end of the term of the Trust, however past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.



<sup>\*</sup> There were no intangible assets or adjustments included in the calculation above.

#### Important Notice and Disclaimer

As responsible entity for and the issuer of units in the Newmark Como Property Trust ARSN 616 371 665 ('Trust'), Newmark Capital Limited ABN 12 126 526 690, AFSL 319 372 ('Newmark Capital' or 'Responsible Entity') is the issuer of this document, and any additional disclosure or updated information available from https://www.newmarkcapital.com.au/funds/newmark-como-property-trust.

Newmark Capital may update this document from time to time. Newmark Capital recommends investors refer to the Newmark Capital website at www.newmarkcapital.com.au/funds/newmark-como-property-trust for these updates.

From time to time, Newmark Capital may become aware of information that is material to investors but not covered by a disclosure principle. Any such information will be provided to investors in continuous disclosure notices on our website.

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