# Newmark Capital (Chadstone) Property Trust Deed

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# **Contents**

1	Defini	1	
	1.1	Definitions	1
	1.2	Interpretation	11
	1.3	General compliance provision	11
2	The T		12
	2.1	Trustee	12
	2.2	Declaration of Trust	12
	2.3	Name of Trust	12
3	Appli	cation of the AMIT Regime to the Trust	12
4	Units	13	
	4.1	Units	13
	4.2	Fractional Units	13
	4.3	Founding Unit	13
	4.4	Consolidation, subdivision and conversion of Units	14
	4.5	Classes of Units	14
	4.6	Equal value	14
	4.7	Rights attaching to Units	14
	4.8	Directions	15
	4.9	Joint holders of Units	15
	4.10	Stapling provisions	15
	4.11	Options	16
	4.12	Exercise of Options	16
	4.13	Reorganisation and division of Units and Options	16
	4.14	Reorganisation while Stapling applies	17
	4.15	Stapled Security Certificate	17
	4.16	Number of Units	17
	4.17		17
	4.18	Perpetuities	17
5		cation procedure	17
	5.1	Offers	17
	5.2	Minimum amounts	17
		Form of application	17
	5.4	Reinvestment	18
	5.5	Acceptance or rejection	18
	5.6	Uncleared funds	18
	5.7	Payment of application money	18
	5.8	Receipt of application	18
	5.9	Issue of Units	18
	5.10	Number of Units issued	19
	5.11	Units as consideration	20
	5.12	No certificates	20
	5.13	Defective applications	20
	5.14	Suspension of Unit issues	21
6	Partly	Paid Units and Commitments	21
	6.1	Partly Paid Units	21
	6.2	Must also issue partly paid Attached Securities	21
	6.3	Commitments	21
	6.4	Calls	21

	6.5 6.6 6.7 6.8 6.9 6.10 6.11 6.12 6.13 6.14 6.15 6.16 6.17 6.18	Termination	22 22 22 23 23 23 24 24 24 24 24 25 25	
7	Application Price 25			
	7.1	Application Price	25	
	7.2	Receipt of an application	26	
	7.3	Initial Public Offering	26	
	7.4	Rights issues	27	
	7.5	Placements and other issues	28	
	7.6	Reinvestment	28	
	7.7	Determination of Application Price where Stapled Securities are issued	28	
	7.8	Issue of Units to acquire an Asset	29	
	7.9	Rounding	29	
	7.10	Satisfaction of Application Price	29	
8	Withd	rawal procedures	29	
	8.1	While Units are Officially Quoted	29	
	8.2	Right to withdraw	30	
	8.3	Withdrawal request	30	
	8.4	Withdrawal while Trust is Liquid or not a Registered Scheme	30	
	8.5	Withdrawal while Trust is a Registered Scheme and not Liquid	32	
	8.6	Clauses applicable whether or not the Trust is Liquid	32	
	8.7	The Trustee may deny a request for withdrawal	32	
	8.8	Restrictions on Unit Holder	32	
	8.9	Trustee discretion to redeem	33	
	8.10	No obligation to pay out of own funds	33	
	8.11	Sums owed to the Trustee	33	
	8.12	Transfer of Assets	33	
	8.13	Order of withdrawal	33	
	8.14	Liquid or not Liquid	33	
	8.15	Determination of income and capital	33	
	8.16	Cooling off	34	
	8.17	Buy-back of Units	34	
	8.18	Withdrawal while Stapling applies	34	
	0.10			
9		rawal Price of Units	34	
9	Withd	rawal Price of Units Withdrawal Price	<b>34</b> 34	
9	<b>Withd</b> 9.1	Withdrawal Price	34	
9	<b>Withd</b> 9.1 9.2	Withdrawal Price Determination of Withdrawal Price	34 35	
9	Withd 9.1 9.2 9.3	Withdrawal Price Determination of Withdrawal Price Receipt of withdrawal request	34 35 35	
9	<b>Withd</b> 9.1 9.2	Withdrawal Price Determination of Withdrawal Price	34 35	

	10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4	<u> </u>	35 36 36 36
11	Transı	mission of Units	37
		Entitlement on death	37
		Registration of persons entitled	37
	11.3	Distributions and other rights	38
12	Valuation of Assets		
		Valuation of Assets	38
		Determination of Net Asset Value	38
	12.3	Method of valuation	38
13	Incom	e and distributions	39
	13.1		39
		Payment of expenses	39
	13.3	Nature of receipts	39
	13.4	Trustee must determine Net Income	39
		Net Income	39
		Present entitlement	40
		Distribution of the Net Income	40
		Distribution Entitlement	40
	13.9	Separate Trust	41
	13.10	Minimum distribution	41
	13.11	Discharge of Trustee's obligation	41
		Capital distributions	41
		Excess distribution	42
		Categories and source of income	42
	13.15	Receipt	42
		Reinvestment	42
		Other rights or restrictions	43
		Withholding Tax	43
	13.19	Allocation of Net Income	44
14	Powers and reporting obligations of the Trustee		44
	14.1	General powers of Trustee	44
	14.2	Specific powers of the Trustee	44
	14.3	Delegation	45
	14.4	Advisers	46
	14.5	Exercise of discretion	46
	14.6	Exercise of powers	46
	14.7	Reporting obligations of the Trustee	46
15		ng of Assets	47
	15.1	How held	47
	15.2		47
	15.3	Holding of Assets	47
16		neration and Expenses of Trustee	47
	16.1	Trustee's Fees	47
	16.2	Waiver of remuneration	48
	16.3	Priority of Trustee's remuneration	48
	16.4	Establishment costs	48

	16.5 16.6 16.7 16.8 16.9 16.10 16.11 16.12	Differential fee arrangements Units as payment for fees Fees paid to the Trustee in a different capacity Reimbursement of Expenses Class Expenses Proper performance of duties GST Sums owed to the Trustee	49 49 49 49 49 50
17	Chano	ge in Trustee	50
	17.1	Voluntary retirement while the Trust is a Registered Scheme	50
	17.2	Voluntary retirement while the Trust is not a Registered Scheme	51
	17.3	Compulsory retirement	51
	17.4	New trustee or responsible entity	51
	17.5	Retirement benefit	51
18	Limita	tion of liability	52
	18.1	Limitation of Trustee's liability	52
	18.2	Limitation of Unit Holders' liability	52
19	Indem	nity	53
	19.1	Trustee's indemnity	53
	19.2	Trustee's indemnity continuing	53
	19.3	Payment	53
	19.4	Trustee not to incur liability	53
20	Trustee's indemnity against Tax liability		
	20.1	Indemnity	53
	20.2	Joint Holders	54
21	Staplii	ng	54
	21.1	Provisions applicable only while Stapling applies	54
	21.2	Paramountcy of Stapling provisions	54
	21.3	Maintenance of Listing and consistency with constitutions of the Stapled Entities	54
	21.4	Stapling - general information	54
	21.5	Power to Unstaple Units	55
22	Restru	ucture proposals	55
	22.1	Power to enter into Hardware Trust Proposal	55
	22.2	Power to enter into proposal	55
	22.3	General	55
	22.4	Terms of Proposal or Hardware Trust Proposal	56
	22.5	Designated Foreign Investors	57
	22.6	Modification or variation of Hardware Trust Proposal or Proposal	59
	22.7	Trustee's authorisation	59
23	Small	Holdings	60
	23.1	Application of this clause	60
	23.2	Trustee's right to sell Small Holdings	60
	23.3	Divestment Notice	60
	23.4	Relevant Period	61
	23.5	Limitation on Trustee's right to sell	61
	23.6	Trustee can sell Relevant Units	61
	73 /	No obligation to sell	61

	23.8 23.9 23.10 23.11 23.12 23.13	Trustee as Unit Holder's attorney Conclusive evidence Registering the purchaser Payment of proceeds Costs Remedy limited to damages	61 62 62 62 62
	23.14	Distributions and voting suspended	62
	23.15	12 Month limit	63
	23.16	Effect of takeover bid	63
	23.17	While Stapling applies	63
24	Regist	er	63
	24.1	Keeping Register	63
	24.2	Trustee's powers	63
	24.3	Inspection	63
	24.4	Changes	63
	24.5	Register conclusive	63
25		dments to this Trust Deed	64
	25.1	Overriding provision	64
	25.2	Trustee may amend	64
	25.3	Compliance with the AMIT Regime	64
	25.4	Statutory requirements	64
	25.5 25.6	Listing Rules Class Order	64 65
	25.6	Class Order	65
26	-	rations Act and ASIC Exemptions	65
	26.1 26.2	Corporations Act	65 65
	26.2	Agreed amendments ASIC Exemptions	65 65
		·	03
27	Termir	nation of Trust	66
28		nation and winding up of the Trust	66
	28.1	Realisation of Assets	66
	28.2	Procedure on the winding up of the Trust	66
	28.3	Trustee may recover Expenses	67
	28.4	Retention of Assets	67
	28.5	Postponement of realisation	67
	28.6	Trustee's obligation to make distributions	67
	28.7	Cancellation of Units	67
	28.8 28.9	Continuation of powers Audit of accounts of the Trust	67 67
00	B. a. a. (*	and of the Williams	-00
29		ngs of Unit Holders	68
	29.1 29.2	Convening meetings	68 68
	29.2 29.3	Calling and holding meetings while the Trust a Registered Scheme Calling and holding meetings while the Trust is not a Registered Scheme	68
	29.3 29.4	Clauses applying to meetings irrespective of whether or not the Trust is a	00
	∠5.4	Registered Scheme	69
	29.5	Resolution binding on Unit Holders	69
	29.5 29.6	Written resolution	70
	29.7	Adjournments	70
	29.8	Joint Unit Holders	70

30	Notic	es	70
	30.1	Notices to Unit Holders	70
	30.2	Notices to joint Unit Holders	70
	30.3	Notice to successor	70
	30.4	Signature on notice	71
	30.5	Notices to the Trustee	71
31	Comp	plaints	71
	31.1		71
	31.2	Time for final response not met	72
32	Rights of the Trustee		72
	32.1	Right to hold Units	72
	32.2	Other capacities	72
	32.3	Trustee may rely	73
33	Trust	Deed legally binding	73
34	Other	r obligations excluded	73
	34.1	Payment	73
35	Seve	rability	74
36	Gove	erning law	74
Sche	dule 1 -	Expenses	75
Sche	dule 2 -	AMIT provisions	77

# **Newmark Capital (Chadstone) Property Trust Deed**

#### Date

#### **Parties**

Newmark Capital Limited ACN 126 526 690 of Como Centre, Level 17, 644 Chapel Street, South Yarra, Victoria 3141 (Trustee)

#### **Recitals**

This Trust Deed is declared by the Trustee to be the Trust Deed for a trust to be known as the Newmark Capital (Chadstone) Property Trust.

The parties agree

# 1 Definitions and interpretation

#### 1.1 Definitions

In this Trust Deed the following terms, unless the context otherwise indicates, shall have the following meanings:

Acquisition Cost Adjustment means where the Trust acquires Property, such adjustment (if any) as the Trustee determines in its discretion on account of any capital raising expenses, acquisition fees, legal fees, brokerage, stamp duty, Taxes and other costs that have been incurred in connection with such acquisition on the basis that such costs should be amortised over the period from the day of acquisition to the date which is the lesser of 5 years, the remaining term of the Trust, or such other period as the Trustee reasonably determines. If the Trustee considers it appropriate, it may determine the Acquisition Cost Adjustment for any one or more purposes in this Trust Deed to be a lesser sum or zero.

**Adviser** includes any adviser, consultant or expert including any investment or asset manager, architect, project manager, barrister, solicitor, underwriter, accountant, auditor, valuer, banker, information technology or systems adviser, real estate agent, surveyor, broker, administrator, custodian or property manager and any other person appointed by the Trustee or its related entities to provide advice or services in relation to the Trust.

**AMIT** means a trust which is an Attribution Managed Investment Trust under section 276-10 of the Tax Act.

**AMIT Choice** means a choice made by the Trustee pursuant to section 276-10(1)(e) of the Tax Act.

**AMIT Regime** means the regime for the taxation of AMITs and Unit Holders contained in the:

- (a) Tax Act;
- (b) Income Tax Rates Amendment (Managed Investment Trusts) Act 2016;
- (c) Medicare Levy Amendment (Attribution Managed Investment Trusts) Act 2016; and
- (d) Income Tax (Attribution Managed Investment Trusts Offsets) Act 2016.

AMMA Statement has the meaning given to that phrase in section 276-460 of the Tax Act.

**Applicant** means a person who has made an application which has been accepted by the Trustee (whether or not that person has been issued Units) and pursuant to which the person has undertaken a Commitment.

Application Price of a Unit on any day means the amount determined under clause 7.

**Approved Securities** means securities in respect of which approval has been given by the securities clearing house (being the body corporate approved or licensed under the Corporations Act, namely, ASX Settlement) in accordance with the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.

ASIC means the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

#### **ASIC Exemption** includes:

- (a) an exemption or modification granted by ASIC in accordance with Part 5C.11 of the Corporations Act; and
- (b) any other instrument issued by ASIC under a power conferred on ASIC which relates to the Trust or the Trustee.

**Assets** means real property, cash, investments, rights, income and other property of the Trust from time to time, including, for the avoidance of doubt, any right to Uncalled Commitments.

**Associate** has the meaning given in the Corporations Act.

**ASX** means the ASX Limited (or a successor organisation) or the financial market operated by that company (whichever the context requires).

ASX Business Day means a business day as defined in the Listing Rules.

ASX Settlement means ASX Settlement Pty Limited ACN 008 504 532.

**ASX Settlement Operating Rules** means the ASX Settlement Operating Rules and any other rules of ASX Settlement which apply while Units or Stapled Securities are Approved Securities, each as amended from time to time.

**Attached Securities** means any security or securities which are from time to time Stapled or to be Stapled to a Unit.

**Attribution Income Tax Liability** of a person in relation to a managed investment scheme means a tax liability of the person that results from the scheme being operated as a MIT.

#### Australian Accounting Standards means:

- (a) the accounting standards from time to time approved under the Corporations Act;
- (b) the requirements of the Corporations Act in relation to the preparation and content of accounts; and

(c) generally accepted accounting principles and practices in Australia consistently applied, except those principles and practices which are inconsistent with the standards or requirements referred to in paragraphs (a) or (b).

**Business Day** means a day that most trading banks are open for business in Melbourne excluding any weekend or public holiday.

Call means a call on a Unit Holder or Applicant by the Trustee to pay all or any part of:

- (a) the unpaid Application Price of a Partly Paid Unit; or
- (b) an Uncalled Commitment,

as the context requires.

Class means a class of Units as determined by the Trustee under clause 4.5.

**Class Expense** means, in relation to a Class, an Expense or tax or a proportion of an Expense or tax determined by the Trustee to be referable to a Class in accordance with clause 16.9.

Clearly Defined Rights means where the rights to income and capital arising from each of the Units in the Trust are 'clearly defined' at all times when the Trust is in existence during the relevant Financial Year, for the purposes of section 276-10(1)(b) of the Tax Act.

**Commencement Date** means the date of commencement of the Trust, being the date on which Units are first issued.

**Commitment** means, in respect of:

- (a) an Applicant, the dollar amount the Applicant has agreed to subscribe for Units; and
- (b) the transferee of Units that is not an Applicant, the dollar amount the transferee has agreed to subscribe for Units pursuant to an agreement as contemplated by clause 10.1(h).

**Complaint** has the same meaning as in Australian Standard ISO 10002-2006 (or such other instrument which replaces it) and includes a dispute.

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), as amended from time to time.

**CS Facility** has the meaning given to the term 'clearing and settlement facility' in the Corporations Act.

**Designated Foreign Investor** means a Foreign Investor in respect of whom the Trustee has made a determination in accordance with clause 22.5.

**Determined Member Component** has the meaning given to that term in the Tax Act.

**Determined Member Component Choice** means a choice made by a Unit Holder under section 276-205 of the Tax Act.

**Determined Trust Component** has the meaning given to that term in the Tax Act.

**Distribution Calculation Date** means the last Business Day of each Month or any other dates the Trustee nominates. For the avoidance of doubt, subject to the Corporations Act, the Trustee may nominate different Distribution Calculation Dates for different Classes.

**Distribution Date** means 10 Business Days after the Distribution Calculation Date for the relevant Distribution Period.

**Distribution Entitlement** means the entitlement of a Unit Holder to the Net Income determined in accordance with clause 13.7.

**Distribution Period** means the period commencing on:

- (a) the Commencement Date and ending on the following Distribution Calculation Date; and
- (b) each subsequent period commencing on the day after a Distribution Calculation Date; and

ending on the next Distribution Calculation Date or on termination of the Trust.

Divestment Notice means a notice given under clause 23.3 to a Small Holder.

**EDR Service** means the Australian Financial Complaints Authority or such other ASIC-approved external dispute resolution service which replaces it.

**Expenses** includes all expenses, costs, charges, fees, commissions, liabilities, losses, damages, Tax and all amounts payable in respect of any of these including but not limited to the example expenses set out in Schedule 1.

#### Financial Year means:

- (a) the period beginning on the Commencement Date and ending on the following 30 June; and
- (b) each subsequent period commencing on 1 July and ending on the following 30 June or on the date of distribution on termination of the Trust.

**Foreign Investor** means a Unit Holder whose address on the Register is in a place other than Australia, and such other jurisdictions (if any) as the Trustee may determine.

Fully Paid Unit means a Unit for which the Application Price is fully paid.

Gross Asset Value means the sum of:

- (a) the value of all Assets; and
- (b) any other amounts which, in the opinion of the Trustee, should be included for the purpose of making a fair and reasonable determination of the value of the Trust having regard to ordinary accounting principles.

**GST** has the meaning given to that expression in the GST Act.

**GST Act** means the *A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999*, as amended from time to time.

Hardware Trust Proposal has the meaning given in clause 22.1(a).

**IDPS** means an investor directed portfolio service.

**Initial Contribution** means an amount which represents an initial contribution to the payment of an Applicant's Commitment which may be required by the Trustee.

#### Initial Public Offering means:

- (a) an initial public offering of Units or Stapled Securities which involves the raising of capital for subscription under an offer document;
- (b) a sell down of a substantial portion of the Units or Stapled Securities by the Unit Holders; or
- (c) any other arrangement which has substantially the same economic effect,

in each case for the purpose of seeking Listing and quotation of the Units or Stapled Securities or other economically equivalent securities.

**Interest Rate** means the rate set pursuant to section 2 of the *Penalty Interest Rates Act* 1983 (Vic) from time to time plus 2% per annum, calculated and accrued daily.

**Interim Distribution** means a distribution of the Net Income accruing during a Distribution Period (other than the last Distribution Period in a Financial Year).

**Internal Rate of Return** means the compound annual pre-tax return based on the sum of all actual and hypothetical (where applicable) distributions (including capital), in the hands of the Unit Holder (including franking and other tax credits), on the time weighted equity of Unit Holders utilised over:

- (a) the period commencing on 1 April 2017 and ending on the date the Property is sold: or
- (b) the period commencing on 1 April 2017 and ending on the date the Trustee is removed as the trustee of the Trust,

as applicable, with the value of equity of Unit Holders as at 1 April 2017 being deemed (for the purposes of this definition) to be the Net Asset Value per Unit as at that date.

**Issuer Sponsored Holding** has the meaning given in the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.

Liabilities means the aggregate of the following at that time, as calculated by the Trustee:

- each liability of the Trustee in respect of the Trust or, where appropriate, a proper provision in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards in respect of that liability;
- (b) each other amount payable out of the Assets or, where appropriate, a proper provision in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards in respect of that liability; and
- (c) other appropriate provisions in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards;

but does not include liabilities:

- (d) attached to application money or property in respect of which Units have not yet been issued; or
- (e) representing Unit Holders' capital, undistributed profits, interest attributable to Unit Holders accruing on Unit Holders' capital, capital reserves, or any other amount representing the value of rights attaching to Units, whether or not redeemable, regardless of whether characterised as equity or debt in the accounts of the Trust.

For the avoidance of doubt, this definition of 'Liabilities' applies to the operation of the Trust under this Trust Deed only and is not intended to affect any other meaning of 'liabilities' of the Trust which the Trustee may be required to adopt for financial reporting purposes.

**Liquid** has the meaning given in section 601KA(4) of the Corporations Act.

#### Listed means:

- (a) in the case of the Trust, the trust being listed on the ASX; and
- (b) in the case of securities, the Units or the Stapled Securities being Officially Quoted, and **Listing** has a corresponding meaning.

**Listing Rules** means the listing rules of ASX as amended, varied or waived (whether in respect of the Trust or generally) from time to time.

Managed Investment Trust has the meaning given by section 995-1 of the Tax Act.

**Management Fee** means a management fee to be charged by the Trustee determined in accordance with clause 16.1.

**Market Price** for a Unit of a Class or for Stapled Securities in respect of any ASX Business Day means:

- (a) where a sale on ASX is recorded on that ASX Business Day, the average of the intra-day prices of the Units on ASX, weighted by volume;
- (b) if the Trustee believes that the calculation in paragraph (a) does not provide a fair reflection of the market price of the Unit or Stapled Security on that ASX Business Day, or there is no sale on ASX recorded on that ASX Business Day or it is impracticable to calculate the price under paragraph (a), the mid point of the bid and offer prices per Unit or Stapled Security on ASX at the close of trading on that ASX Business Day (whether or not a sale on ASX is recorded on that ASX Business Day);
- (c) if the Trustee believes that the calculation in paragraphs (a) or (b) does not provide a fair reflection of the market price of the Unit or Stapled Security on that ASX Business Day, the mid-point of the bid and offer prices on ASX such that:
  - (i) time; or
  - (ii) times, with such weightings,

as the Trustee determines; or

(d) if the Trustee believes that the calculation in paragraphs (a) or (b) does not provide a fair reflection of the market price of the Unit or Stapled Security on that ASX Business Day, or the Trustee does not determine the price of a Unit or Stapled Security under paragraph (c) the price determined by a Valuer,

plus, where the Unit is a Partly Paid Unit, an amount equal to the Uncalled Commitment in respect of that Unit.

**Member Component** has the meaning given to that term in the Tax Act.

**MIT** includes a trust that is (at any time during a Financial Year) any one or more of the following: an AMIT, a Managed Investment Trust or a Withholding MIT.

Month means a calendar month.

Net Asset Value means the Gross Asset Value less the following:

- (a) all amounts required to meet Liabilities (including the amount of any provisions the Trustee determines should be made); and
- (b) following any Distribution Calculation Date, the amount of any Net Income payable but not paid to Unit Holders on the day which the Net Asset Value is determined.

**Net Income** means the net income of the Trust determined by the Trustee as determined in clauses 13.4 and 13.5.

**Newmark Hardware Security** means any security in the Newmark Hardware Trust issued or transferred to give effect to a Hardware Trust Proposal, including but not limited to any security issued in consideration for the transfer or redemption of Units or the transfer of Assets.

Newmark Hardware Trust means the Newmark Hardware Trust ARSN 161 274 111.

Official List means the official list of ASX.

**Officially Quoted** means quotation on the Official List and includes the situation where any such quotation is suspended for a continuous period not exceeding 60 days.

**Operating Rules** means the operating rules of a CS Facility regulating the settlement, clearing and registration of uncertificated Units as amended, varied or waived (whether in respect of the Trust or generally) from time to time.

Option means an option to subscribe for a Unit.

Option Holder means a Unit Holder who is a holder of an Option.

Paid Proportion means in respect of a Unit Holder, the fraction calculated by dividing:

- (a) the amount that the Unit Holder has subscribed for the issue of Units pursuant to a Commitment plus the Application Price of any Units issued pursuant to a Commitment transferred to the Unit Holder, minus the Application Price of any Units issued pursuant to a Commitment transferred by the Unit Holder; by
- (b) the Unit Holder's Commitment.

Partly Paid Proportion means the amount determined in accordance with the following formula:

 $A \times (B/C)$ 

Where:

- A is the total number of Partly Paid Units on issue;
- B is the total of all amounts paid or due but unpaid in respect of the Application Price of all Partly Paid Units on issue; and
- C is the total of all Application Prices for Partly Paid Units on issue.

**Partly Paid Unit** means a Unit which has an Application Price which is payable by instalments and in respect of which all instalments have not been paid.

**Prescribed Time** means 2.00 pm Melbourne time, or such other time or times as the Trustee determines.

**Project** means the acquisition, subdivision, development, construction of any building on or sale of any Property (in whole or part).

**Property** means any real property purchased by the Trustee as trustee for the Trust or by a controlled sub-trust of the Trust.

**Register** means each of the registers established and kept by the Trustee under clause 24.

**Registered Scheme** means a managed investment scheme that is registered as a managed investment scheme under section 601EB(1) of the Corporations Act.

**Relevant Period** means the period specified in a Divestment Notice under clauses 23.3 and 23.4.

**Relevant Person** means a person who at any time was, is, or shall become a Unit Holder and that person's executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

Relevant Units means the Units specified in a Divestment Notice.

**Security Interest** means any mortgage, charge, pledge, lien, encumbrance, arrangement for the retention of title or any other similar right, interest, power or arrangement of any nature having the effect of providing security.

Small Holder is a Unit Holder who is a holder or a joint holder of a Small Holding.

**Small Holding** is a holding of Units created by the transfer of a parcel of Units the aggregate market value of which at the time a proper transfer was initiated or a proper based transfer was lodged, was less than a marketable parcel of Units as provided under the Listing Rules.

Special Resolution has the meaning given to that expression in the Corporations Act.

**Stapled** means the linking together of Units and Attached Securities so that one may not be transferred, or otherwise dealt with, without the other or others and which are quoted on the ASX jointly as a 'stapled security' or such other term as the ASX permits.

**Stapled Entity** means any trust or company Stapled to the Trust.

**Stapled Security** means a Unit and each Attached Security which are Stapled together and registered in the name of the Unit Holder.

**Stapled Security Holder** means the Unit Holder under this Trust Deed and the holder of Attached Securities.

**Stapling** means the process that results in Units and Attached Securities being and remaining Stapled to each other.

**Stapling Commencement Date** means the date upon which Stapling of the Units is to commence as determined by the Trustee.

Tax means any income tax, capital gains tax, capital tax, recoupment tax, land tax, sales tax, payroll tax, fringe benefits tax, group tax, profit tax, interest tax, property tax, undistributed profits tax, GST, value added tax, withholding tax, municipal rates, stamp duty, financial institutions duty (including financial institutions duty paid or reimbursed), bank accounts debits tax or any other tax, duty, levy, impost, deductions or charges assessable or chargeable by or payable in any jurisdiction to any federal, state or municipal taxation or excise authority, including any interest, fine, penalty, charge, fee or other amount imposed on or in respect of the failure to file a return in respect of or to pay any of them in any jurisdiction.

**Tax Act** means the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936*, the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*, the *Income Tax (Transitional Provisions) Act 1997* or the *Tax Administration Act 1953* (Cth) (as the case requires).

**Transaction Charge** means, in relation to a Unit, an amount determined by the Trustee which reflects a fair estimate of Expenses incurred or that would be incurred:

- (a) for the purchase or acquisition of Assets on the issue of Units;
- (b) for the sale or disposal of Assets on the withdrawal of Units;
- (c) for the transfer of Units or Assets to a Unit Holder; or
- (d) where the issue or redemption of a Unit is in connection with a restructure of the Trust, recapitalisation of the Trust, or other significant change in ownership of the Trust, the amount determined by the Trustee which reflects a fair estimate of Expenses incurred or that will be incurred in relation to that proposal, recapitalisation or other transaction,

as the case requires.

**Transferee Subscription Agreement** means a subscription agreement in the form required by the Trustee in its absolute discretion which requires the transferee to be bound by the terms of this Trust Deed and any other term as determined by the Trustee.

**Trust** means the trust constituted by this Trust Deed and known as the Newmark Capital (Chadstone) Property Trust.

**Trust Component** has the meaning given to that term in the Tax Act.

Trust Deed means this trust deed as amended from time to time.

**Trustee** means Newmark Capital Limited ACN 126 526 690 or any other person acting as the trustee or responsible entity of the Trust in accordance with the provisions of this Trust Deed and, where appropriate, includes any agent or Adviser appointed by the Trustee.

#### **Uncalled Commitment** means in respect of:

- (a) an Applicant, the Commitment of the Applicant less the dollar amount of Calls paid by the Applicant and any Initial Contribution; and
- (b) the Trust, the sum of Uncalled Commitments for all Applicants.

**Unders and Overs Rule** means the provisions which are set out in the Tax Act which prescribe how underestimates and overestimates of characters at the Trust level are to be carried-forward and dealt with in future income years.

Unit means a unit in the Trust created under this Trust Deed.

**Unit Holder** means a person holding an interest in the Trust (including any person jointly holding an interest in the Trust).

**Unit Holding** means the total Units held by a Unit Holder.

Unstapled means not being Stapled.

**Unstapled Unit** means a Unit that is Unstapled.

**Unstapling** means the process that results in Units and Attached Securities no longer being Stapled to each other.

Valuation Time means any time the Net Asset Value is determined.

**Valuer** means an independent expert of at least 10 years standing experienced in the valuation of assets of a similar type as the Property, such expert to be appointed by the Trustee. The valuer so appointed shall act as expert and not as arbitrator and his or her decision shall be final and binding. Such valuer shall be instructed to consider any written representations made reasonably promptly on behalf of the Trustee or any of its subsidiaries.

Wholesale Client has the meaning set out in the Corporations Act.

**Withdrawal Date** means the last Business Day of each Month unless otherwise determined by the Trustee.

**Withdrawal Offer** means an offer made by the Trustee in respect of the Trust in accordance with section 601KB of the Corporations Act.

Withdrawal Price means the amount determined under clause 9.

**Withholding MIT** has the meaning given by section 995-1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* (Cth).

# 1.2 Interpretation

In this Trust Deed, unless the context indicates a contrary intention:

- (a) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa and words importing any gender include all other genders;
- (b) a reference to a person includes a firm, corporation, trust, partnership or unincorporated body;
- (c) a reference to a clause or schedule is a reference to a clause of and a schedule to this Trust Deed and a reference to this Trust Deed includes any schedule;
- (d) a reference to any statute or regulation includes all statutes and regulations amending, consolidating or replacing them and a reference to a statute includes all regulations, proclamations, ordinances and by-laws issued under that statute;
- (e) if a word or phrase is defined, its other grammatical forms have a corresponding meaning;
- (f) a reference to an agreement or document (including, without limitation, a reference to this Trust Deed) is to the agreement or document as amended, varied, supplemented, novated or replaced, except to the extent prohibited by this Trust Deed or that other agreement or document;
- (g) a reference to conduct includes, without limitation, an omission, statement or undertaking whether or not in writing;
- (h) a reference to an agreement includes any undertaking, deed, agreement and legally enforceable arrangement, whether or not in writing, and a reference to a document includes an agreement (as so defined) in writing and any certificate, notice, instrument and document of any kind;
- (i) words and expressions defined in the Corporations Act have the meanings given to them in that law; and
- (j) headings contained in this Trust Deed are for convenience and do not affect the interpretation of this Trust Deed.

# 1.3 General compliance provision

- (a) This clause 1.3 only applies if the Trust is a Registered Scheme.
- (b) A provision of this Trust Deed which is inconsistent with a provision of the Corporations Act does not operate to the extent of the inconsistency.
- (c) This clause 1.3 is subject to any declarations made by or exemptions granted by the ASIC which are current in respect of or applicable to this Trust Deed.
- (d) This clause 1.3 prevails over all other provisions of this Trust Deed including any that are expressed to prevail over it.

# 2 The Trust

## 2.1 Trustee

As from the Commencement Date, Newmark Capital Limited is and has agreed to act as trustee of the Trust.

#### 2.2 Declaration of Trust

- (a) The Assets shall vest in the Trustee on the Commencement Date and the Trustee declares that it shall hold the Assets on trust for the Unit Holders in accordance with the terms of this Trust Deed.
- (b) The Trustee shall clearly identify the Assets as property of the Trust and hold the Assets separately from the assets of the Trustee and any other trust or managed investment scheme for which the Trustee is the trustee or responsible entity.

## 2.3 Name of Trust

- (a) The name of the Trust is the 'Newmark Capital (Chadstone) Property Trust' or such other name as the Trustee may from time to time determine.
- (b) Subject to clause 2.3(c) and clause 2.3(d), if Newmark Capital Limited retires or is removed as responsible entity or trustee of the Trust (a 'Name Change Event'), and the name of the Trust contains the expression 'Newmark Capital', then the name of the Trust must be changed by deleting the expression 'Newmark Capital' and the Trustee must not use that expression (or a substantially or deceptively similar expression or letters) in connection with the Trust. The Trustee must amend this Trust Deed to reflect the change in the name of the Trust within 20 Business Days of the Name Change Event occurring. The new Trustee or new trustee covenants that it will not amend this clause 2.3 other than to give effect to the preceding sentences of this paragraph.
- (c) The Trustee may use the expression 'Newmark Capital' for the purpose of advertising the change of name of the Trust for 20 Business Days after the Name Change Event or in the case of the Trustee retiring or being removed, such longer period as the Trustee agrees. In the case of the Trustee retiring or being removed, any advertisement must be approved by the Trustee. That approval will not be unreasonably withheld.
- (d) Clause 2.3(b) does not apply if Newmark Capital Limited agrees otherwise prior to the Name Change Event subject to any conditions it may specify (in its absolute discretion).

# 3 Application of the AMIT Regime to the Trust

- (a) The Trustee may make an AMIT Choice.
- (b) If an AMIT Choice is made then, subject to clause 3(c), the provisions in Schedule 2 will prevail over any other provisions of this Trust Deed to the extent of any inconsistency.

- (c) If the Trust ceases to be an AMIT for any reason, including but not limited to the Trust ceasing to meet the qualification requirements to be an AMIT in respect of a Financial Year:
  - (i) the provisions of Schedule 2, except those in clause 1 of Schedule 2 which will continue to be applied by the Trustee, will cease to apply to the extent that they are not permitted to operate or are not relevant to the Trust when it is not an AMIT; and
  - (ii) any provision of the AMIT Regime which applies to an entity that is a former AMIT will continue to apply to the Trust.
- (d) Nothing in this clause 3 imposes an obligation on the Trustee to:
  - (i) enter into or facilitate the entry of the Trust into the AMIT Regime;
  - (ii) make any changes to this Trust Deed; or
  - (iii) make an AMIT Choice.

# 4 Units and Unit Holders

#### 4.1 Units

- (a) The beneficial interest in the Trust is divided into Units.
- (b) Each Unit confers on the Unit Holder a beneficial interest in the Trust as an entirety and does not confer an interest in a particular part of the Trust or the Assets.

# 4.2 Fractional Units

- (a) The Trustee may issue fractions of a Unit calculated to the third decimal place or such other number of decimal places as the Trustee determines.
- (b) This Trust Deed applies to fractions of Units in proportion to which the fraction bears to one Unit.

# 4.3 Founding Unit

On the date of this Trust Deed, Newmark Developments Pty Ltd ACN 152 477 195 will be issued with 100 founding class Units in the Trust for \$1. The founding class Units entitles Newmark Developments Pty Ltd ACN 152 477 195 to:

- (a) voting rights on a proportional basis;
- (b) a return of capital of \$1 per founding class Unit on winding up of the Trust; and
- (c) no entitlements to the income of the Trust,

and in all other respects the terms of the foundation unit is the same as other Units in the Trust.

# 4.4 Consolidation, subdivision and conversion of Units

- (a) Subject to clause 4.4(b), the Trustee may consolidate, divide or convert the number of Units on issue into any number of Units other than the number into which the Assets is for the time being divided.
- (b) A division, consolidation or conversion of a kind referred to in clause 4.4(a) must not change the ratio of Units in a Class registered in the name of any Unit Holder to the Units on issue in that Class.
- (c) The Trustee must amend the Register to record any consolidation, division or conversion of Units.

#### 4.5 Classes of Units

Subject to section 601FC(1)(d) of the Corporations Act (if the Trust is a Registered Scheme and where the Trust is not a Registered Scheme, section 601FC(1)(d) of the Corporations Act is to apply with modifications as if the Trustee were a responsible entity and the Trust were a Registered Scheme), the Trustee may create different Classes with such rights, obligations and restrictions attaching to the Units of such Classes as it determines. If the Trustee so determines in relation to a particular Class, the terms of issue of those Units in that Class may:

- (a) eliminate, reduce, create or enhance any of the rights or obligations which would otherwise be carried by such Units; and
- (b) provide for conversion of Units from one Class to another Class and, if the Trustee so determines, change the number of Units on such a conversion.

## 4.6 Equal value

At any time, all the Units of a Class are of equal value and rank equally.

## 4.7 Rights attaching to Units

- (a) A Unit Holder holds a Unit subject to the rights and obligations attaching to that Unit.
- (b) Each Unit Holder agrees not to:
  - (i) interfere with or question the rights, powers, authority, discretion or obligations of the Trustee under this Trust Deed;
  - (ii) exercise any right, power or privilege in respect of an Asset;
  - (iii) lodge a caveat in respect of any Asset; or
  - (iv) require that any Asset be transferred to the Unit Holder or any other person.
- (c) A Unit Holder may not create any mortgage, charge, pledge, lien, encumbrance, arrangement for the retention of title or any other Security Interest over a Unit without the consent of the Trustee.

## 4.8 Directions

Unit Holders cannot give any direction to the Trustee if it would require the Trustee to do or omit to do anything which:

- (a) may result in the Trustee acting contrary to the law; or
- (b) would otherwise be within the scope of any discretion or power expressly conferred on the Trustee by this Trust Deed.

#### 4.9 Joint holders of Units

Where two or more persons are registered as the holders of a Unit or Stapled Security (**joint Unit Holders**) they are, for the purpose of the administration of the Trust and not otherwise, deemed to hold the Unit or Stapled Security as joint tenants and not tenants in common, on the following conditions:

- (a) the Trustee shall not be bound to register more than three persons as joint holders of the Unit or Stapled Securities;
- (b) the joint Unit Holders shall be jointly and severally liable in respect of all payments including payments of Tax that ought to be made in respect of the Unit or Stapled Securities:
- (c) on the death of a joint Unit Holder, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons whom the Trustee will recognise as having any title to the Unit or Stapled Securities, subject to the production of any evidence of death that the Trustee requires;
- (d) any one of the joint Unit Holders may give an effective receipt that discharges the Trustee in respect of any payment or distribution; and
- (e) only the person whose name appears first in the Register as one of the joint Unit Holders in respect of a Unit or Stapled Securities shall be entitled to delivery of any notices, cheques or other communications from the Trustee and any notice, cheque or other communication given to that person is deemed to be given to all the joint Unit Holders,

unless the Trustee determines otherwise.

# 4.10 Stapling provisions

- (a) The provisions of this Trust Deed relating to Stapling will only take effect on and from the Stapling Commencement Date and will apply subject to all other provisions of this Trust Deed which may suspend, abrogate or terminate Stapling. While Stapling applies, where the context requires, a reference to a Unit in this Trust Deed is taken to be a reference to a Stapled Security.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of clause 21, the Trustee may at any time and from time to time, subject to any necessary approval, waiver or consent from ASX, issue Unstapled Units.

# 4.11 Options

- (a) The Trustee may create and issue Options on such terms and conditions as the Trustee determines. Options may be issued with Units or separately.
- (b) On the exercise of an Option, the Option Holder is entitled to subscribe for and be allotted such number of Units as the terms and conditions of the issue of the Option contemplate.
- (c) Subject to this Trust Deed, the Corporations Act (and the conditions of any applicable ASIC Exemption) and, if relevant, the Listing Rules, the Trustee may determine that Options will be issued:
  - (i) for consideration or no consideration;
  - (ii) on the basis that the exercise price for a Unit to be issued on exercise of the Option is the price determined by the Trustee, provided that the exercise price is less than the price that would otherwise apply under this Trust Deed by a percentage not exceeding 50%; and
  - (iii) conferring on the Option Holder such other entitlements under this Trust Deed as the Trustee determines, and otherwise on terms and conditions and with such entitlements as determined by the Trustee. The terms of issue of the Option may allow the Trustee to buy back the Options.
- (d) Subject to the Listing Rules and the Corporations Act (and the conditions of any applicable ASIC Exemption), if the Trustee is making an offer of Options to Unit Holders holding Units which is otherwise in proportion to their existing holdings of Units, the Trustee is not required to offer Options under this clause to any person who is a Foreign Investor.

# 4.12 Exercise of Options

- (a) On exercise of an Option, the Option Holder is entitled to subscribe for and be allotted such number of Units as the terms and conditions of issue of the Option contemplate.
- (b) While Stapling applies, an Option may only be exercised if, at the same time as Units are acquired pursuant to the Option, the same person acquires an identical number of Attached Securities, which are then Stapled to the Units.
- (c) A Unit Holder holds a Unit subject to the rights, restrictions and obligations attaching to that Unit or that Class of Unit. An Option Holder holds the Option subject to the terms and conditions attaching to that Option.

# 4.13 Reorganisation and division of Units and Options

- (a) Subject to the Listing Rules and the Corporations Act, Units and Options may be consolidated, divided or converted in a ratio as determined by the Trustee (**Reorganisation**). If any Unit is a Partly Paid Unit at the time of Reorganisation the unpaid amount of the Application Price and any instalment payable in respect thereof will be amended in the same ratio.
- (b) Each Unit Holder, by subscribing for or taking a transfer or, or otherwise acquiring, a Unit or Option will be taken to have consented to Reorganisations.

(c) To effect any Reorganisation of a Unit or Option of a Unit Holder, the Unit Holder appoints the Trustee as the Unit Holder's attorney in the Unit Holder's name and on the Unit Holder's behalf to do all acts and things which the Trustee considers necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental to effect the Reorganisation of the Unit or Option.

# 4.14 Reorganisation while Stapling applies

While Stapling applies, Units may be subject to Reorganisation only if the related Attached Securities are also subject to Reorganisation at the same time and to the same extent.

# 4.15 Stapled Security Certificate

The Trustee may issue a single Stapled Security certificate representing the Units and the Attached Securities. Where the Trustee issues a Stapled Security certificate it need not issue a separate unit certificate in relation to the relevant Units.

## 4.16 Number of Units

While Stapling applies, the number of issued Units at any time must equal the number of issued Attached Securities of each category but disregarding any Attached Securities held by or on behalf of a Stapled Entity or a subsidiary of a Stapled Entity.

# 4.17 Benefits and obligations of Unit Holders

Except where expressly provided in this Trust Deed to the contrary, all benefits and obligations contained in this Trust Deed apply for the benefit of and bind each Unit Holder to the extent provided in this Trust Deed.

#### 4.18 Perpetuities

The Trustee cannot issue any Units after the 80th anniversary from the day before the Commencement Date if that issue would cause a contravention of the rule against perpetuities or any other rule of law or equity. The preceding sentence prevails over all provisions of this Trust Deed.

# 5 Application procedure

# 5.1 Offers

The Trustee may at any time offer Units for subscription or sale and may invite persons to make offers to apply for or buy Units. While Stapling applies, an applicant for Units must at the same time make an application for an identical number of Attached Securities.

#### 5.2 Minimum amounts

The Trustee may specify a minimum initial application amount, minimum Commitment amount, minimum further application amount, minimum holding amount in respect of Units for the Trust as a whole or a Class and vary those amounts at its discretion.

# 5.3 Form of application

(a) Each application for Units will, unless the Trustee approves otherwise:

- (i) conform with the form and content requirements of any relevant disclosure document:
- (ii) if there is no relevant disclosure document, be made in such manner as the Trustee approves; and
- (iii) be accompanied by application monies as required by any relevant disclosure document.
- (b) The Trustee may authorise an application to be transmitted electronically.

#### 5.4 Reinvestment

The Trustee may, at its absolute discretion, allow a Unit Holder to reinvest some or all of the Unit Holder's Distribution Entitlement by acquiring Units in the Trust under a distribution reinvestment plan on terms and conditions prescribed by the Trustee.

# 5.5 Acceptance or rejection

The Trustee may, without being bound to give any reason:

- (a) accept an application;
- (b) reject an application; or
- (c) reject part of an application.

# 5.6 Uncleared funds

Units issued against application money paid other than in cleared funds are void if the funds are not cleared within 5 Business Days of being presented for payment.

# 5.7 Payment of application money

- (a) Payment of the application money must be in a form acceptable to the Trustee, or a transfer of property of a kind acceptable to the Trustee and able to be vested in the Trustee or a custodian appointed by it (accompanied by a recent valuation of the property, if required by the Trustee).
- (b) If the Trustee accepts a transfer of property other than cash, any costs associated with the valuation or transfer of the property are payable or reimbursable out of the Assets, or if required by the Trustee, by the Unit Holder.

# 5.8 Receipt of application

The Trustee may determine that an application for Units or application money or property received by the Trustee after a particular time will be deemed to have been received on the next Business Day.

#### 5.9 Issue of Units

Unless otherwise determined by the Trustee, Units are taken to be issued:

- (a) in the case of a Unit issued under a distribution reinvestment arrangement referred to in clauses 5.4 and 13.16, the first Business Day of the next Distribution Period following the Distribution Period in respect of which the Distribution Entitlement was calculated; or
- (b) in all other cases, on the later of the day on which:
  - (i) the Trustee accepts the application for Units and the applicant is registered as the Unit Holder of the Unit on the Register; or
  - (ii) the Trustee receives the application money, or the property (which is acceptable to the Trustee) against which the Units are to be issued is vested in the Trustee.

#### 5.10 Number of Units issued

Subject to clause 5.11 and the terms of issue of a Unit, the number of Units issued at any time in respect of an application for Units (including a reinvestment of a Unit Holder's Distribution Entitlement) shall be determined in accordance with the following formula:

(a) for a Unit other than a Partly Paid Unit, the number determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$N = \frac{A}{B}$$

Where:

N is the number of Units issued;

A is the application money or the value of the property transferred to the Trustee (including a reinvestment of the Unit Holder's Distribution Entitlement); and

B is the Application Price for the Unit,

and the number of Units issued shall be calculated to the third decimal place or such other number of decimal places as the Trustee determines from time to time; and

(b) for a Partly Paid Unit, the number determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$N = \frac{A}{B}$$

Where:

N is the number of Units issued;

A is the application money or the value of the property transferred to the Trustee (including a reinvestment of the Unit Holder's Distribution Entitlement); and

B is that amount of the Application Price which is payable at the time of issue of the Unit.

and the number of Units issued shall be calculated to the third decimal place or such other number of decimal places as the Trustee determines from time to time.

#### 5.11 Units as consideration

Where an investment is acquired (on behalf of the Trust) for consideration which includes the issue of Units by the Trustee, the number of Units created and issued by the Trustee is determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$N = \frac{A - B}{C}$$

Where:

N is the number of Units issued;

A is the value of the investment being acquired as determined in accordance with clause 12;

B is the amount of the cash consideration paid in respect of the investment (if any); and

C is determined as:

- (i) for a Unit other than a Partly Paid Unit the Application Price of the Units being issued (as determined in accordance with clause 7.8); and
- (ii) for a Unit that is a Partly Paid Unit the amount of the Application Price which is payable at the time of issue of the Unit.

# 5.12 No certificates

No certificates will be issued for Units, unless determined otherwise by the Trustee.

# 5.13 Defective applications

Where, within 10 Business Days (or such other period as the Trustee determines) of the creation and issue of Units in the Trust, the Trustee determines that:

- (a) the applicant was not entitled to hold the Units issued;
- (b) the application was incorrectly executed or executed without power or authority; or
- (c) the application form was defective and was accepted in error,

then the Trustee may in its sole discretion cancel those Units, make an appropriate entry in the Register of the Trust and repay the application money to the applicant out of the Assets. If Units are cancelled under this clause, the Trustee is not required to adjust any Application Price or Withdrawal Price determined before the cancellation of the Units in the Trust.

# 5.14 Suspension of Unit issues

- (a) The Trustee may suspend the issue of Units in the Trust at any time if:
  - it is impracticable for the Trustee to calculate the Net Asset Value, for example because of closure of, or trading restrictions on, financial markets (whether in Australia or elsewhere), an emergency or other state of affairs, or on declaration of a moratorium in a country where the Trust invests, or is exposed through the Assets, or under the Corporations Act;
  - (ii) the Trustee reasonably considers that it is in the best interests of the Unit Holders to do so; or
  - (iii) it is otherwise legally permitted.
- (b) If determined by the Trustee, an application for Units in the Trust received by the Trustee during any suspension period in accordance with clause 5.14(a) is deemed to be lodged by the Unit Holder immediately after the end of the suspension period.

# 6 Partly Paid Units and Commitments

# 6.1 Partly Paid Units

Subject to the Corporations Act (if the Trust is a Registered Scheme), the Trustee may issue Partly Paid Units on such terms and conditions as it determines including, without limitation, terms and conditions regarding the number of instalments and the terms on which instalments are payable.

# 6.2 Must also issue partly paid Attached Securities

While Stapling applies Units may not be issued on the basis that they are Partly Paid Units unless there is a contemporaneous and corresponding issue of Attached Securities which are to be partly paid. While Stapling applies any issue of Partly Paid Units shall be on the basis that a call will not be regarded as having been validly paid unless any amount payable at the same time in relation to the partly paid Attached Securities is also paid.

# 6.3 Commitments

A person may agree to make a Commitment to subscribe for Units and must:

- (a) complete and execute an application in respect of the Commitment on such terms and conditions and in such form as the Trustee determines; and
- (b) undertake to pay Calls as and when required by the Trustee.

#### 6.4 Calls

- (a) Subject to the rights, obligations and restrictions attaching to any Class, the Trustee may make a Call on:
  - (i) the holder of a Partly Paid Unit and the holder must pay the Call in accordance with the terms of issue of that Unit; and

- (ii) an Applicant and the Applicant must pay the Call in accordance with the Commitment.
- (b) The Trustee may only make a Call if the Call is made on all Unit Holders of that Class or on all Applicants (as applicable).
- (c) The Trustee must make Calls pro rata to:
  - (i) the number of Partly Paid Units held by a Unit Holder; and
  - (ii) the Commitment of each Applicant.
- (d) If an Applicant makes an application to make a Commitment after a Call has been made, subsequent Calls must be made so that no Call is made on any Applicant if, following the payment of that Call, the Paid Proportion of that Applicant would be greater than the Paid Proportion of any other Applicant, assuming that all Calls made are paid in full.
- (e) The Trustee may at any time postpone a Call or extend the time for payment of a Call.
- (f) Upon payment of a Call in respect of a Commitment, the Trustee must issue to the Applicant the number of fully paid Units calculated in accordance with clause 5.10(a).

# 6.5 Default on Calls

- (a) If all or part of a Call is not paid on or before the date on which payment under the Call is due, the Applicant or the holder of a Partly Paid Unit (as applicable) must pay interest on the unpaid portion of the Call from that day to the time of actual payment.
- (b) Interest which accrues on an unpaid Call will become an Asset.
- (c) Unless the terms of the Partly Paid Unit or the Commitment provide otherwise, interest will be payable at the Interest Rate.

#### 6.6 Non-receipt of notice of Call

A Call is not invalidated as a result of the non-receipt of any notice of a Call by a Unit Holder or Applicant or the accidental omission to give notice of a Call to any Unit Holder or Applicant.

# 6.7 Deductions for unpaid Calls

If all or any part of a Call is not paid by the date on which payment under the Call is due, the Trustee may apply any amount payable to the relevant Unit Holder under this Trust Deed to pay amounts unpaid under the Call, together with accrued interest and all costs and expenses incurred by the Trustee in relation to the unpaid Call.

## 6.8 Forfeiture

(a) If all or part of a Call is not paid by the date on which payment under the Call is due, any Partly Paid Units that are the subject of the Call or Units held by a Unit Holder that has made a Commitment may be forfeited to the Trustee.

- (b) Forfeiture may be effective by a notice from the Trustee, with effect from the date of such notice.
- (c) The non-receipt of any notice by any Unit Holder, or the accidental omission to give notice of forfeiture to any Unit, shall not invalidate the forfeiture.
- (d) The forfeiture of Units under this clause 6 includes forfeiture of all distributions and other money payable to the Unit Holder relating to the forfeited Units not actually paid to the Unit Holder before the forfeiture (except to the extent to which such amounts have already been applied to reduce the Call amount under clause 6.7).
- (e) Unless the Trustee determines otherwise, the rights attaching to forfeited Units which have not yet been sold or otherwise disposed of are suspended for the period from the date of the forfeiture to the date of sale or disposal.
- (f) Subject to clause 6.11, a Unit Holder whose Units have been forfeited under this clause ceases to be a Unit Holder in respect of the forfeited Units from the date the Trustee gives a notice under clause 6.8(b).

# 6.9 Entry on Register

Where any Unit has been forfeited in accordance with this clause, the Trustee will enter the forfeiture and the date of forfeiture in the Register.

# 6.10 Disposal of forfeited Units

Subject to the Corporations Act and any applicable ASIC Exemption (where the Trust is a Registered Scheme), the Trustee may sell or otherwise dispose of a forfeited Unit in the manner and at such prices as the Trustee determines, including on the basis that the purchaser of such forfeited Units is not obliged to pay any unpaid Call in respect of that Unit.

#### 6.11 Cancellation of Forfeiture

At any time before a forfeited Unit is sold or otherwise disposed of:

- (a) the Trustee may cancel the forfeiture upon such conditions as it determines; and
- (b) if the Unit Holder pays to the Trustee the full amount of all unpaid Calls (including accrued interest and all costs and expenses incurred by the Trustee in relation to the unpaid Call), the forfeiture must be cancelled.

#### 6.12 Transfer of forfeited Units

- (a) The Trustee may, on any sale of forfeited Units, receive the selling price in respect of those Units and effect a transfer of those Units in the name of the Unit Holder whose Units have been sold. The Unit Holder authorises the Trustee to take these steps and appoints the Trustee as its agent and attorney to do so. The Unit Holder indemnifies the Trustee against any claim or liability incurred by the Trustee in doing so.
- (b) Upon effecting a transfer under clause 6.12(a), the Trustee shall register the transferee as the holder of the Units in the Register. The transferee's title to the Units will not be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in connection with the forfeiture or sale of the Units.

# 6.13 Remaining liability

Despite the forfeiture of Units pursuant to clause 6.8, the Unit Holder whose Unit has been forfeited remains liable to pay to the Trustee the amounts listed in clauses 6.16(a)(i) to 6.16(a)(iv). That liability ceases if and when the Trustee receives payment in full of those amounts and amounts owing by that Unit Holder.

#### 6.14 Lien

Subject to the Corporations Act, the Trustee has a first and paramount lien upon every Unit for unpaid Calls and other moneys payable to the Trustee by a Unit Holder. That lien extends to all distributions and other money payable in relation to a Unit from time to time.

#### 6.15 Sale of Units to enforce lien

For the purposes of enforcing a lien, the Trustee may sell the Units subject to the lien, in accordance with this clause 6 as if the Units had been forfeited for non-payment of a Call.

#### 6.16 Proceeds of sale

- (a) The net proceeds of any sale of forfeited Units to enforce a lien (including all distribution and other money from time to time payable to the Unit Holder in relation to those Units) must be applied by the Trustee in the following order:
  - (i) in payment of all costs which have been or will be incurred in relation to the forfeiture or enforcement of the lien (as the case may be) and the sale;
  - (ii) in payment of the amount of the unpaid Call;
  - (iii) in payment of the:
    - (A) unpaid portion of the Application Price in respect of the forfeited Unit;
    - (B) Uncalled Commitment of an Applicant;
  - (iv) in payment of the amount of any accrued interest on the Call and any other moneys payable to the Trustee; and
  - (v) in payment of the surplus (if any) to the Unit Holder whose Units have been sold.
- (b) If the net proceeds of any sale are insufficient to pay the amounts in clauses 6.16(a)(i) to 6.16(a)(iv), the Unit Holder whose Units have been sold remains liable for the difference between the net proceeds of sale and the sum of those amounts.

# 6.17 Joint Holders

- (a) Joint holders of Partly Paid Units are jointly and severally liable for all amounts due on the Partly Paid Units held by them.
- (b) Joint Applicants in respect of a Commitment are jointly and severally liable for all amounts due in respect of a Commitment.

## 6.18 Termination

Upon termination of the Trust an Applicant has no liability to subscribe for Units except to the extent of Calls made prior to the termination.

#### 6.19 Actions not limited

For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this clause 6 limits an action, remedy or right that the Trustee may take or pursue at law (whether pursuant to a breach of this Trust Deed, any contract or otherwise) in order to enforce the non payment of a Call.

# 7 Application Price

# 7.1 Application Price

- (a) The Application Price for the initial issue of Units is \$1.00 plus any relevant Transaction Charge.
- (b) At any other time, but subject to clause 7.1(c) and the rights, obligations and restrictions attaching to any particular Units or Class, the Application Price for a Unit shall be:
  - (i) while Units are Officially Quoted, subject to paragraphs (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v), equal to the Market Price of the Units or, where Stapling applies, the Market Price of the Stapled Securities minus the application price of each Attached Security or the amount determined by the Trustee in accordance with clause 7.7 during the 10 ASX Business Days immediately prior to the date upon which the Application Price is to be calculated;
  - (ii) in the case of a rights issue while Units are Officially Quoted, in accordance with clause 7.4;
  - (iii) in the case of a placement or other issue of Units while Units are Officially Quoted, in accordance with clause 7.5;
  - (iv) in the case of a reinvestment of income while Units are Officially Quoted, in accordance with clause 7.6;
  - (v) in the case of Units issued on the exercise of an Option calculated in accordance with the terms and conditions of that Option;
  - (vi) in any other case calculated as:

$$AP = \frac{A+B+C}{D+E}$$

Where:

AP is the Application Price;

A is the Net Asset Value;

B is any relevant Transaction Charge;

- C is the Acquisition Cost Adjustment;
- D is the number of Fully Paid Units on issue; and
- E is Partly Paid Proportion.

For the purposes of the formula in clause 7.1(b), where there is more than one Class on issue, 'Net Asset Value', 'Acquisition Cost Adjustment', 'Transaction Charge' and the 'number of Units on issue' are variables determined by the Trustee in respect of the relevant Class in accordance with clause 4.5.

Each of the variables in clause 7.1(b) must be determined, subject to the other provisions of this clause 7:

- (i) as at the first Valuation Time after the later of the day on which the Trustee:
  - (A) receives the completed application for Units; or
  - (B) receives the application money or the property against which the Units are to be issued is vested in the Trustee; or
- (ii) in the case of a Unit issued under a distribution reinvestment plan, the first Business Day of the next Distribution Period following the Distribution Period in respect of which the Distribution Entitlement was calculated.
- (c) The Trustee may determine a different Application Price in relation to some Units, a Class or all Units provided that where the Trust is a Registered Scheme it is permitted to do so by the Corporations Act and any applicable ASIC Exemption and in such case, subject to the terms of that ASIC Exemption (or, where the Trust is not a Registered Scheme, subject to applying the Corporations Act and any relevant ASIC Exemption with appropriate modifications as if the Trustee were a responsible entity and the Trust were a Registered Scheme).

# 7.2 Receipt of an application

For the purposes of clause 7.1(b), the day and time of receipt of an application for Units is:

- (a) the time of actual receipt if the application is received before the Prescribed Time on a Business Day;
- (b) the time of deemed receipt if the application is deemed to be received before the Prescribed Time on a Business Day; or
- (c) the commencement of business on the next following Business Day if the application is received or is deemed to be received on a day which is not a Business Day or received on or after the Prescribed Time on a Business Day.

# 7.3 Initial Public Offering

- (a) The Trustee may at any time issue Units to any person under an Initial Public Offering or to effect Stapling at a price and on terms determined by it provided that:
  - (i) the Trustee complies with any Listing Rules applicable to the issue and any applicable ASIC Exemption;

- (ii) while Stapling applies, the same persons are at the same time offered identical numbers of Attached Securities which will be Stapled to the Units offered; and
- (iii) at an Issue Price which is not less than 90% of the Net Asset Value per Unit.
- (b) While Stapling applies an offer of Units under this clause 7.3 may only be accepted if the offeree at the same time accepts that offer of Units and the offer of Attached Securities referred to above.

# 7.4 Rights issues

The following provisions apply to rights issues:

- (a) while Units are Officially Quoted, the Trustee may (subject to the terms of any applicable ASIC Exemption) offer further Units for subscription at a price determined by the Trustee to those persons who were holders of Units on a date determined by the Trustee not being more than 30 days immediately prior to the date of the offer, provided that:
  - (i) all holders of Units are offered Units at the same Application Price on a *pari* passu basis (whether or not the right of entitlement is renounceable);
  - (ii) all the Units so offered are in the same Class; and
  - (iii) where it is proposed to issue Units at an Application Price less than the price which would otherwise apply under clause 7.1(b), the relevant Application Price is not less than 50% of:
    - (A) that price which would otherwise apply to the Units; or
    - (B) where Stapling applies, the Market Price of Stapled Securities minus the application price of each Attached Security (as determined under clause 7.7),

but, subject to the Listing Rules, the Trustee is not required to offer Units under this clause to persons whose address on the Register is in a place other than Australia and New Zealand.

- (b) The Trustee may adjust any entitlement to accord with the Listing Rules and in the case of fractions, the Trustee must offer the next higher whole number of Units. Any Unit Holder holding Units may, unless the terms of issue provide otherwise, renounce its entitlement in favour of some other person.
- (c) Any Units offered under this clause 7.4 which are not subscribed for within the period during which the offer is capable of acceptance may be offered for subscription by the Trustee to any person, provided that the Application Price is not less than that at which Units were originally offered to Unit Holders. If an underwriter has underwritten any offer for subscription under this clause, the underwriter may take up any Units not subscribed for by the Unit Holders at the Application Price referred to in this clause 7.4(c).
- (d) The Trustee may make a priority offer in respect of any rights issue in accordance with the terms of any ASIC Exemption.

While Stapling applies, an offer of Units under this clause 7.4 may only be accepted if the offeree contemporaneously accepts that offer of Units and the offer of Attached Securities referred to in this clause 7.4.

#### 7.5 Placements and other issues

While Units are Officially Quoted, the Trustee may at any time issue Units to any person, whether by way of a placement or otherwise, at a price and on terms determined by it, provided that:

- (a) the Trustee complies with the Listing Rules applicable to the issue and any applicable ASIC Exemption; and
- (b) in the case of Units issued subsequent to the exercise of an Option, the price will be calculated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Option,

provided that the Trustee complies with the Listing Rules applicable to the issue and the terms of any applicable ASIC Exemption.

While Stapling applies, an offer of Units under this clause 7.5 may only be accepted if the offeree contemporaneously accepts that offer of Units and the offer of Attached Securities referred to in this clause 7.5.

# 7.6 Reinvestment

- (a) If reinvestment applies while the Units are Officially Quoted, the Application Price for each additional Unit (or the aggregate of the Application Price of each additional Unit and the application price for the Attached Securities if Stapling applies) is the weighted average of all sales of Units (or, while Stapling applies Stapled Securities) recorded on the ASX during the first 5 trading days following the end of the period to which the distribution relates (unless the Trustee believes that this calculation does not provide a fair reflection of the Market Price of the Units or the Stapled Securities during this period in which event there shall be substituted for the amount so calculated the Market Price of the Units or the Stapled Securities as determined by an expert independent of the Trustee whose identity and instructions will be determined by the Trustee) less such discount, if any, not exceeding 10% as the Trustee may determine.
- (b) While Stapling applies the allocation of the application price for a Stapled Security between the Application Price for each Unit and the application price for the Attached Securities is to be determined in accordance with clause 7.7.
- (c) If the amount to be reinvested in additional Stapled Securities results in a fraction of a Unit or Stapled Security the money representing the fraction will be held for future reinvestment in the Trust and, if applicable, the Stapled Entities at the next time that reinvestment is to occur (where Stapling applies in such proportions as the Trustee and the Stapled Entities may determine on behalf of the relevant Stapled Security Holder).

# 7.7 Determination of Application Price where Stapled Securities are issued

- (a) Where:
  - (i) Stapling applies;

- (ii) as a consequence, a Unit is to be issued as part of a Stapled Security; and
- (iii) this Trust Deed contains a provision for the calculation or determination of the application price for the Stapled Security but not for the Unit,

the Trustee must determine what part of the application price of a Stapled Security is to represent the Application Price of a Unit for the purposes of this Trust Deed.

- (b) Unless otherwise agreed between the Trustee and:
  - (i) in relation to any Stapled Entity that is a company, the Stapled Entity; and
  - (ii) in relation to any Stapled Entity that is a managed investment scheme, the responsible entity of the Stapled Entity,

the application price of a Stapled Security will be allocated between the Application Price of the Unit and the application price of the Attached Securities in the ratio that the net assets (adjusted for the net market value of their investments) of each of the Trust and each of the Stapled Entities at the end of the relevant period immediately prior to the issue bears to the amount of the aggregate net assets (adjusted for the net market value of their investments) of the Trust and the Stapled Entities at that time.

# 7.8 Issue of Units to acquire an Asset

Subject to clause 7.8(b), where Units are consideration (in whole or in part) for the acquisition of an investment (on behalf of the Trust):

- (a) the Application Price for those Units must be calculated in accordance with clause 7.1(b)(vi) on the date of the agreement under which there will be an issue of Units; and
- (b) the Trustee may determine a different Application Price in relation to some Units, a Class or all Units provided that where the Trust is a Registered Scheme it is permitted to do so under the Corporations Act and any applicable ASIC Exemption.

# 7.9 Rounding

The Application Price may be rounded as the Trustee determines.

## 7.10 Satisfaction of Application Price

The Application Price may be satisfied by payment in cash or by transfer to the Trustee of property acceptable to the Trustee (or by a combination of both). If the Trustee accepts payment other than cash, it may determine that some or all of the costs associated with the valuation or transfer of such property are payable or reimbursable out of the Assets or by the applicant.

# 8 Withdrawal procedures

# 8.1 While Units are Officially Quoted

While Units are Officially Quoted, clauses 8.2 to 8.5 do not apply.

# 8.2 Right to withdraw

A Unit Holder has no right to withdraw from the Trust other than:

- (a) where the Trust is not a Registered Scheme, as determined by the Trustee at its absolute discretion and otherwise in accordance with the remainder of this clause 8; or
- (b) where the Trust is a Registered Scheme, in accordance with the remainder of this clause 8.

# 8.3 Withdrawal request

Subject to this clause 8 and the Corporations Act (where the Trust is a Registered Scheme), a Unit Holder may make a request for the withdrawal of some or all of its Units, or to realise a specified amount, in writing and delivered to the registered office (or other place nominated by the Trustee) and:

- (a) while the Trust is a Registered Scheme and not Liquid, the Trustee must only give effect to that withdrawal request in the circumstances set out in clause 8.5; and
- (b) at any other time, the Trustee may give effect to that request at the time and in the manner set out in clause 8.4, provided that the withdrawal request has been given to the Trustee prior to the Withdrawal Date to which the request relates, unless otherwise agreed by the Trustee.

## 8.4 Withdrawal while Trust is Liquid or not a Registered Scheme

- (a) This clause 8.4 shall apply in respect of the withdrawal of Units unless clause 8.5 applies.
- (b) By no later than 7 Business Days following the Withdrawal Date immediately after the withdrawal request is received under clause 8.3, the Trustee must consider that request and, in the Trustee's absolute discretion:
  - (i) deny the request and notify the Unit Holder accordingly;
  - (ii) effect the withdrawal request by causing the number (or value) of Units held by the Unit Holder that are subject of the request to be redeemed at the applicable Withdrawal Price out of the Assets within 12 Months of the Withdrawal Date to which the withdrawal request relates;
  - (iii) subject to the Corporations Act, purchase or arrange for another person to purchase the number (or value) of Units held by the Unit Holder that are the subject of the withdrawal request; or
  - (iv) partially effect the withdrawal in the manner described in clause 8.4(b)(ii) and partially purchase Units or arrange for Units to be purchased in the manner described in clause 8.4(b)(iii).
- (c) If the Unit Holder has made a withdrawal request which complies with this Trust
  Deed and the Trustee accepts the withdrawal request, in part or in full, the Trustee
  must satisfy the withdrawal request in respect of a Unit by payment from the
  Assets the Withdrawal Price calculated in accordance with clause 9. The payment

- must be made within 21 days of the day on which the withdrawal request was effected under clause 8.4(b)(ii).
- (d) Notwithstanding clause8.4(c), the Trustee may extend the period allowed for satisfying a withdrawal request until a later Withdrawal Date if in the opinion of the Trustee:
  - the Trustee has taken all reasonable steps to realise sufficient Assets to satisfy a withdrawal request and is unable to do so due to one or more circumstances outside its control such as restricted or suspended trading in the market for an Asset;
  - (ii) the Trustee does not consider it to be in the best interests of the Unit Holders as a whole to realise sufficient Assets to satisfy the withdrawal request; or
  - (iii) it is, for any reason, impractical to calculate the Net Asset Value of the Assets, including because of the closure of an exchange or trading or withdrawal restrictions in respect of a security.
- (e) The Trustee may specify a minimum withdrawal amount for the Trust or a Class and vary that amount at its discretion.
- (f) Unless otherwise determined by the Trustee, the Trustee need not give effect to a withdrawal request if:
  - (i) the aggregate Withdrawal Price of the Units to be redeemed is less than any minimum withdrawal amount determined by the Trustee; or
  - (ii) the withdrawal would result in the aggregate Withdrawal Price of the Unit Holder's remaining Unit Holding being less than any minimum holding amount determined by the Trustee under clause 5.2.
- (g) If compliance with a withdrawal request would result in the aggregate Withdrawal Price of a Unit Holder's remaining Unit Holding being less than any minimum holding amount determined by the Trustee under clause 5.2, the Trustee may treat the withdrawal request as relating to the Unit Holder's entire Unit Holding.
- (h) If the Trustee increases the minimum holding amount, the Trustee may, after giving 30 days' notice, redeem the entire Unit Holding of a Unit Holder if the aggregate Withdrawal Price of that Unit Holding is less than the then current minimum holding amount, without the need for a withdrawal request.
- (i) The Trustee may redeem the Unit Holding of a Unit Holder without the need for a withdrawal request after giving 30 days' notice to a Unit Holder who holds Units with an aggregate Withdrawal Price less than the then current minimum holding amount.
- (j) Any balance realised representing a fraction of the proceeds of withdrawal of a Unit will be retained by the Trustee to be added to any further application money received from the Unit Holder or to the proceeds of withdrawal of any other Units of the Unit Holder as the Trustee may determine.

(k) If the application money for the Units which are the subject of a withdrawal request is paid by cheque, the Trustee may refuse to act on that request until the cheque has cleared.

# 8.5 Withdrawal while Trust is a Registered Scheme and not Liquid

- (a) This clause 8.5 shall apply when the Trust is a Registered Scheme and not Liquid.
- (b) While the Trust is not Liquid, a Unit Holder may withdraw from the Trust in accordance with the terms of any current Withdrawal Offer made by the Trustee in accordance with Part 5C.6 of the Corporations Act.
- (c) If there is no Withdrawal Offer currently open for acceptance by Unit Holders, a Unit Holder has no right to withdraw from the Trust.
- (d) The Trustee is not at any time obliged to make a Withdrawal Offer.
- (e) If the Trustee receives a withdrawal request before it makes a Withdrawal Offer, it may treat the request as an acceptance of the offer effective as at the time the offer is made.
- (f) The Trustee must ensure that withdrawal requests in response to the Withdrawal Offer are satisfied within 21 days of the Withdrawal Offer closing.

## 8.6 Clauses applicable whether or not the Trust is Liquid

The following clauses 8.7 to 8.14 are applicable in respect of withdrawals of Units regardless of whether or not the Trust is Liquid.

#### 8.7 The Trustee may deny a request for withdrawal

Subject to the Corporations Act (where the Trust is a Registered Scheme) and clause 8.5 and irrespective of anything in clause 8.4, the Trustee may deny a request for withdrawal of Units where:

- (a) the Trust has been terminated under clause 27;
- (b) accepting the request would constitute a breach of this Trust Deed, the compliance plan, the Corporations Act, or the disclosure document;
- (c) accepting the request would cause the Trust to cease to be Liquid;
- (d) accepting the request would unfairly prejudice another Unit Holder; or
- (e) the Trustee does not consider it to be in the best interests of the Unit Holders as a whole to realise sufficient Assets to satisfy the withdrawal request.

#### 8.8 Restrictions on Unit Holder

- (a) Upon making a withdrawal request under clause 8.3, the Unit Holder will have no right to deal with the Units that are subject of the request (unless and until the request is denied by the Trustee).
- (b) A Unit Holder may not withdraw a withdrawal request unless the Trustee agrees.

#### 8.9 Trustee discretion to redeem

Subject to the Corporations Act (where the Trust is a Registered Scheme) and clause 8.5, the Trustee may at any time in its absolute discretion redeem some or all of the Units held by a Unit Holder without being requested to do so at the Withdrawal Price by giving at least 30 days notice to the Unit Holder of its intention to redeem such Units.

## 8.10 No obligation to pay out of own funds

The Trustee is not obliged to pay any part of the Withdrawal Price out of its own funds.

#### 8.11 Sums owed to the Trustee

Subject to the Corporations Act (where the Trust is a Registered Scheme), the Trustee may deduct from the proceeds of withdrawal or money paid pursuant to a Withdrawal Offer any money due to it by the Unit Holder.

#### 8.12 Transfer of Assets

- (a) The Trustee may transfer Assets to a Unit Holder rather than pay cash in satisfaction of all or part of the aggregate Withdrawal Price due to Unit Holder pursuant to a withdrawal request or acceptance of a Withdrawal Offer.
- (b) Assets transferred to a Unit Holder under clause 8.12(a) together with any cash paid must be of equal value to the total amount due to the Unit Holder pursuant to the withdrawal request or Withdrawal Offer (based on a valuation of the Assets which is consistent with the range of ordinary commercial practice for valuing assets of that type and be reasonably current). If the Trustee requires, the reasonable costs involved in transfer of these Assets must be paid by the Unit Holder or deducted from the amount due to the Unit Holder.
- (c) The Trustee may direct an amount arising from the sale of an Asset to a particular Unit Holder, who shall be taken to have a present entitlement in that amount, if the Unit Holder withdraws one or more of their Units and the direction is made to fund the withdrawal request.

#### 8.13 Order of withdrawal

Unless the Trustee determines otherwise, the first Units issued to a Unit Holder are the first to be redeemed.

#### 8.14 Liquid or not Liquid

The Trustee will determine whether the Scheme is Liquid. Such a determination is binding on Unit Holders and no Unit Holder will challenge it.

# 8.15 Determination of income and capital

Unless the Trustee otherwise determines, the proceeds of withdrawal paid to a Unit Holder will comprise of capital only. Subject to the law, the Trustee may however determine at its absolute discretion that the proceeds of withdrawal comprises part capital and part income of the Trust in the Financial Year in which the withdrawal occurs.

# 8.16 Cooling off

Where the Trust is a Registered Scheme, nothing in this clause 8 prevents the Trustee from complying with any requirement to return application money to Unit Holders in accordance with Part 7.9 of the Corporations Act or with any similar requirement that applies to the trustee of the Trust.

## 8.17 Buy-back of Units

While the Trust is Listed the Trustee may, subject to and in accordance with the Corporations Act (including any modifications thereof) and any requirements under the Listing Rules purchase Units and cause the Units to be cancelled. No redemption price is payable upon cancellation of the Units. Where the Units comprise part of Stapled Securities the Trustee may only buy back and cancel the Units if the Attached Securities are also the subject of contemporaneous buy-back and cancellation. Where Units are purchased as part of a Stapled Security pursuant to a buy-back arrangement, the Trustee must determine what proportion of the price paid for the Stapled Security is to be paid from the Assets of the Trust on the same basis as set out in clause 7.7 for the Application Price of Units.

# 8.18 Withdrawal while Stapling applies

While Stapling applies the Trustee may not withdraw a Unit unless each Stapled Entity also redeems or buys back and cancels the corresponding Attached Securities or the Attached Securities are unstapled from the Unit to be withdrawn.

# 9 Withdrawal Price of Units

# 9.1 Withdrawal Price

A Unit must only be redeemed at a Withdrawal Price calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$WP = (A/B) x (C/D)$$

Where:

WP is the Withdrawal Price;

- A is Net Asset Value less any relevant Transaction Charge plus the Acquisition Cost Adjustment;
- B is the number of Fully Paid Units on issue plus the Partly Paid Proportion;
- C is the amount paid up on that Unit; and
- D is the Application Price of that Unit.

For the purposes of the above formula, where there is more than one Class on issue, 'Net Asset Value', 'Transaction Charge', 'Acquisition Cost Adjustment' and the 'number of Units on issue' are variables determined by the Trustee in respect of the relevant Class in accordance with clause 4.5.

#### 9.2 Determination of Withdrawal Price

Each of the variables in clause 9.1 must be determined:

- (a) while the Trust is a Registered Scheme and not Liquid, as at the day on which the Withdrawal Offer closes; and
- (b) at any other time, as at:
  - (i) the next Withdrawal Date after the Trustee received (or is taken to have received) a withdrawal request; or
  - (ii) where the period allowed for withdrawal has been extended pursuant to clause 8.4(d), the Withdrawal Date on which the withdrawal request is processed.

# 9.3 Receipt of withdrawal request

The Trustee may determine that a withdrawal request received by the Trustee after a particular time will be deemed to have been received on the next Business Day.

# 9.4 Rounding

The Withdrawal Price may be rounded as the Trustee determines.

# 10 Transfers

# 10.1 Transferability while interests are not Officially Quoted

- (a) Clauses 10.1 to 10.3 apply to Units or Options that are not Officially Quoted.
- (b) Unit Holders may not transfer or assign their interest in the Trust other than with the prior written consent of the Trustee.
- (c) A transfer of Units is not effective until it has been recorded in the Register.
- (d) All transfers of Units will be effected by an instrument of transfer in writing in a form and in a manner approved by the Trustee provided that, where the Trust is a Registered Scheme, the form of transfer must not be prohibited by the Corporations Act.
- (e) The Trustee may refuse to register a transfer (whether voluntarily or by operation of law) of Units without being bound to provide any reason for any refusal.
- (f) A transferor of Units remains the holder of the Units until the transfer is registered and the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect of those Units.
- (g) The Trustee may charge Unit Holders a fee to cover administrative costs involved in registering a transfer of Units.
- (h) The Trustee may require a transferee of Units to execute a Transferee Subscription Agreement before allowing the transfer of Units to the transferee.

(i) The Trustee may make distributions payable under clause 13 in respect of a Unit for a Distribution Period to a transferor and transferee in proportion to the number of days in the Distribution Period that each held the Unit.

# 10.2 Refusal to register a transfer

Without limiting the generality of clause 10.1, subject to the Corporations Act (where the Trust is a Registered Scheme), the Trustee may refuse to register any transfer of Units without being bound to provide a reason for such refusal and the Trustee may refuse to register a transfer of Units if:

- (a) the Trustee is not satisfied that the transferee has the financial resources and intention to pay all:
  - (i) unpaid amounts in respect of Partly Paid Units; and
  - (ii) Uncalled Commitments;
- (b) the transferee has not undertaken:
  - (i) to pay the unpaid amounts in respect of Partly Paid Units; and
  - (ii) a Commitment,

in a form acceptable to the Trustee;

- (c) the transferee is not a Wholesale Client;
- (d) the Trustee would or may be required to prepare a product disclosure statement in respect of the transfer of the Units; or
- (e) the transfer is required to be, but is not, duly stamped.

#### 10.3 Registration of transfers

- (a) Unless the Trustee determines otherwise, where Units are transferred, the following documents must be lodged for registration with the Trustee:
  - (i) a proper instrument of transfer (duly stamped if relevant);
  - (ii) the certificate (if any) for the Units; and
  - (iii) any other information that the Trustee may require to establish the transferor's right to transfer the Units.
- (b) The Trustee may charge Unit Holders a fee to cover administrative costs involved in registering a transfer of Units.

## 10.4 Transfer of Units if Officially Quoted

Despite anything else set out in this clause 10, if the Units and/or Options are Officially Quoted, those Units and/or Options may be transferred in any manner permitted by the Operating Rules of a CS Facility. The Trustee may require before registration of any such transfer that there be provided to the Trustee any documents which the rules of the uncertificated system require or permit the Trustee to require be provided to it to authorise

registration. This clause 10.4 prevails over any other provision of this Trust Deed that may be inconsistent with it but it does not permit the Trustee to refuse to register a proper transfer made in accordance with the Operating Rules of a CS Facility.

# 11 Transmission of Units

#### 11.1 Entitlement on death

- (a) Subject to clause 11.1(b), if a Unit Holder dies:
  - the survivor (or survivors), where the Unit Holder was a joint Unit Holder; and
  - (ii) the legal personal representatives of the deceased, where the Unit Holder was a sole Unit Holder.

will be the only persons recognised by the Trustee as having any title to the Unit Holder's interest in the Units.

- (b) The Trustee may refuse to recognise any person referred to in clause 11.1(a) or to recognise any claim without providing any reason. The Trustee may require evidence of a Unit Holder's death as it thinks fit.
- (c) This clause 11 does not release:
  - (i) the estate of a deceased joint Unit Holder from any liability in respect of a Unit that had been jointly held by the Unit Holder with other persons; or
  - (ii) where the Unit Holder was a sole Unit Holder, the legal personal representative or the trustee of the Unit Holder's estate from any liability in respect of Units held by the deceased Unit Holder.

# 11.2 Registration of persons entitled

- (a) Subject to the Corporations Act, the *Bankruptcy Act 1966* (Cth) and the production of any information that is properly required by the Trustee, a person becoming entitled to a Unit in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, insolvency (or other legal disability) of a Unit Holder may elect to:
  - (i) by written notice to the Trustee, be registered as the Unit Holder in respect of that Unit; or
  - (ii) nominate some other person to be registered as the Unit Holder of the Unit.
- (b) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of this Trust Deed relating to:
  - (i) the right to transfer;
  - (ii) the registration of the transfer of; and
  - (iii) the issue of certificates for,

Units apply to any relevant transfer as if the death, bankruptcy, insolvency (or other legal disability) of the Unit Holder had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that Unit Holder.

# 11.3 Distributions and other rights

- (a) If a Unit Holder dies or suffers a legal disability, the Unit Holder's legal personal representative or the trustee of the Unit Holder's estate (as the case may be) is, on the production of all information as is properly required by the Trustee, entitled to the same distributions, entitlements and other advantages and to the same rights (whether in relation to meetings of the Trust or to voting or otherwise) as the Unit Holder would have been entitled to if the Unit Holder had not died or suffered a legal disability.
- (b) Where two or more persons are jointly entitled to any Unit as a result of the death or legal disability of a Unit Holder, they will, for the purposes of this Trust Deed, be taken to be joint Unit Holders of the Unit.

# 12 Valuation of Assets

#### 12.1 Valuation of Assets

- (a) The Trustee may, at any time, cause the valuation of any Asset and (if the Trust is a Registered Scheme) shall do so as and when required by the Corporations Act.
- (b) The Trustee must cause an Asset to be valued if and when required by ASIC or the Corporations Act and the valuation must be carried out in accordance with those requirements.

#### 12.2 Determination of Net Asset Value

- (a) The Trustee may determine the Net Asset Value at any time including more than once each day.
- (b) The Trustee must determine the Net Asset Value:
  - (i) if and when required by ASIC or the Corporations Act (if the Trust is a Registered Scheme);
  - (ii) on each day on which Units in the Trust are issued; and
  - (iii) on each Withdrawal Date in respect of which a Withdrawal Offer has been made pursuant to clause 8.5 or other day on which Units are withdrawn.

#### 12.3 Method of valuation

- (a) The Trustee may determine valuation methods and policies for each category of Asset and change them from time to time.
- (b) Unless the Trustee decides otherwise, the value of an Asset for the purpose of calculating the Net Asset Value will be its market value. Where the Trustee values an Asset at other than its market value, or where there is no market value, the valuation methods and policies applied by the Trustee must be based on the

ordinary commercial practice for valuing the relevant type of asset that is reasonably current at the time of the issue or withdrawal of Units.

# 13 Income and distributions

#### 13.1 Collection of income

The Trustee shall receive and collect all dividends, interest, rents and all other income of the Trust.

# 13.2 Payment of expenses

The Trustee shall pay out of the gross income of the Trust all costs and disbursements, commissions, fees, tax (including any goods and services tax, land tax or income tax), management charges and other proper outgoings in respect of the Assets and administration of the Trust.

## 13.3 Nature of receipts

The Trustee may determine whether any receipt, profit, gain (whether realised or unrealised) payment, loss, outgoing, provision or reserve or any sum of money or investment in a Financial Year is or is not to be treated as being on income or capital account and whether and the extent to which any provisions or reserves need to be made for the Financial Year on a fair and reasonable basis to ensure that the Unit Holder pays the tax and not the Trustee.

## 13.4 Trustee must determine Net Income

The Trustee must determine the Net Income of the Trust for each Financial Year.

#### 13.5 Net Income

If no determination is made or to the extent to which no determination is made under clause 13.4 prior to the end of a Financial Year, then the Net Income for that Financial Year is calculated in the same manner as net income is calculated under Division 6 of Part III of the Tax Act for that Financial Year, assuming that the Division applies to the Trust, provided that where in calculating the net income under the Tax Acts it is necessary to:

- (a) gross up any amount of income (for example tax offsets such as foreign tax credits or franking credits);
- (b) include any amount of deemed assessable income; or
- (c) make any deemed deduction,

then the grossing up or deemed assessable income (excluding net capital gains included in assessable income) or deemed deduction must not be included in calculating the Net Income of the Trust for the Financial Year unless the Trustee determines otherwise before the end of the Financial Year.

#### 13.6 Present entitlement

- (a) Subject to the rights, restrictions and obligations attaching to any particular Unit or Class, the persons who are Unit Holders at 5 p.m. on the last day of the Financial Year will be presently entitled in the proportions specified in clause 13.7(c) to the Net Income for that Financial Year (less any part of the Net Income which has been previously distributed in that Financial Year in accordance with this clause 13.7(a)) together with any additional amount which the Trustee determines in accordance with clause 13.12 to distribute to Unit Holders in respect of that Financial Year.
- (b) Unit Holders that have been paid, or had applied for their benefit, any part of the Net Income during the Financial Year in accordance with clause 13.7(a) shall be deemed to be presently entitled to the amount paid to them or applied for their benefit.

#### 13.7 Distribution of the Net Income

- (a) The Trustee may make an Interim Distribution of the Net Income accruing during any Distribution Period (other than a Distribution Period that is the last Distribution Period in a Financial Year) and taking into account any adjustments required as a result of any direction made by the Trustee under clause 8.12(c). The Interim Distribution cannot exceed, but can be less than, the amount of the Net Income which has accrued during the relevant Financial Year up to the date of the calculation of the Interim Distribution.
- (b) For the last Distribution Period of the Financial Year, the Trustee must distribute the Net Income of the Trust for the Financial Year less any amount previously distributed during the Financial Year pursuant to clause 13.7(a) and taking into account any adjustments required as a result of any direction made by the Trustee under clause 8.12(c).
- (c) Subject to the rights, obligations and restrictions attaching to any particular Unit or a Class, each Unit Holder's Distribution Entitlement for a Financial Year shall be determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{A \times B}{C}$$

#### Where:

- A is the amount determined by the Trustee in accordance with clauses 13.4 and 13.5 to be distributable for the relevant Financial Year;
- B is the aggregate of the number of Units held by the Unit Holder at 5.00 p.m. on the Distribution Calculation Date; and
- C is the aggregate of the total number of Units on issue at 5.00 p.m. on the Distribution Calculation Date.

#### 13.8 Distribution Entitlement

(a) The Trustee shall pay to each Unit Holder its Distribution Entitlement for a Financial Year on or before the Distribution Date for that Financial Year.

- (b) The Trustee shall retain from each Unit Holder's Distribution Entitlement all amounts which are necessary to avoid distributing a fraction of a cent or which the Trustee determines it is not practical to distribute on a Distribution Date, with any sum so retained for all purposes treated as income for the next following Financial Year.
- (c) The Trustee may retain from the amount to be distributed to a Unit Holder an amount in or towards satisfaction of any amount payable by the Unit Holder to the Trustee under this Trust Deed or that is required to be deducted by law.

## 13.9 Separate Trust

Where any Unit Holder becomes entitled to any Distribution Entitlement pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this clause, that Distribution Entitlement shall not form part of the Assets but shall be held by the Trustee in a separate trust fund on trust for the absolute use and benefit of that Unit Holder and:

- (a) where that Unit Holder is sui juris, with power and capacity to the Trustee pending payment thereof to invest and otherwise deal with, manage and administer the same in the manner and to the same extent as the Trustee may invest and otherwise deal with, manage and administer the Trust; or
- (b) where the Unit Holder is not sui juris, with power to the Trustee pending the Unit Holder becoming sui juris to pay and transfer to or to apply for the benefit of that Unit Holder the whole or such part, if any, as the Trustee deems fit of the Unit Holder's separate trust fund, notwithstanding that the Unit Holder is not sui juris and with like powers and capacities of investments, dealing, management and administration in respect thereof to those which the Trustee has in respect of the Trust itself and, on that Unit Holder becoming sui juris, the Trustee shall forthwith pay and transfer to that Unit Holder such separate trust fund for the Unit Holder's own use and benefit absolutely, but should that Unit Holder while not being sui juris die before payment or transfer of the whole then to the extent to which the Unit Holder's separate trust fund has not been paid or transferred to the Unit Holder or applied for the Unit Holder's benefit at the date of the Unit Holder's death, the same shall notwithstanding anything to the contrary or otherwise in this Trust Deed, be held by the Trustee for the Unit Holder's legal personal representatives and shall go as an accretion to and form part of the Unit Holder's estate.

#### 13.10 Minimum distribution

The Trustee may transfer capital to enable distribution to Unit Holders of the minimum amount necessary to avoid the Trustee as trustee of the Trust being assessable to pay Tax.

# 13.11 Discharge of Trustee's obligation

It is acknowledged by Unit Holders that payments of the Distribution Entitlements in accordance with clause 13.8 shall be a good and complete discharge of any liability owed by the Trustee to any person in respect of an entitlement to their Distribution Entitlements.

#### 13.12 Capital distributions

The Trustee may, at any time, distribute the capital of the Trust to the Unit Holders. Subject to the rights, obligations and restrictions attaching to any particular Unit or Class, a Unit Holder is entitled to that proportion of the capital to be distributed as is equal to the

number of Units held by that Unit Holder on a date determined by the Trustee divided by the number of Units on issue on that date. A distribution under this clause may be in cash or of Assets.

#### 13.13 Excess distribution

If at the end of a Financial Year the auditor or the Trustee of the Trust determines that the amount distributed as the Net Income under this clause 13 exceeds the aggregate of the Net Income for the Financial Year, the excess will be taken to be a distribution of capital.

## 13.14 Categories and source of income

The Trustee may keep separate accounts of different categories or sources of income, or deductions or credits for tax purposes, and may allocate income, deductions or credits from a particular category or source to particular Unit Holders.

# 13.15 Receipt

- (a) For the purposes of this clause 13, the Trustee is entitled to treat any amount which the Trustee is entitled to receive but has not actually received before the Distribution Calculation Date as actually received:
  - (i) before the Distribution Calculation Date; or
  - (ii) after the Distribution Calculation Date.
- (b) If any amount included in the amounts determined to be distributed in accordance with clauses 13.4 and 13.5 is not subsequently received by the Trustee, the Trustee shall be entitled to recover any amount that has been over distributed. However, the Trustee shall not be bound to pursue that right of recovery. The Trustee may determine that any amount so distributed is to be treated as a distribution of the capital of the Trust. No claim will lie against the Trustee at the suit of any Unit Holder or any other person by reason of that distribution or any resultant loss to the Trust.

#### 13.16 Reinvestment

- (a) A Unit Holder may, if the Trustee approves, elect to reinvest some or all of their Distribution Entitlement by acquiring Units and the amount of the distribution must be applied on behalf of the Unit Holder to acquire additional Units. In those cases, the Trustee is treated as having received an application to reinvest the Unit Holder's Distribution Entitlement on the first Business Day after the distribution is paid at an Application Price determined in accordance with clause 7.
- (b) Subject to the Unit Holder's expressed or implied consent, the Trustee may, at its discretion, reinvest some or all of the Unit Holder's Distribution Entitlement by acquiring Units and that amount of the distribution must be applied on behalf of the Unit Holder to acquire additional Units. In those cases, the Trustee is treated as having received an application to reinvest the Unit Holder's Distribution Entitlement on the first Business Day after the distribution is paid at an Application Price determined in accordance with clause 7.
- (c) The procedure for reinvestment of distributions is to be determined by the Trustee and notified to Unit Holders from time to time.

# 13.17 Other rights or restrictions

For the removal of doubt and despite anything else contained in this clause 13, the rights of a Unit Holder under this clause 13 are subject to the rights, obligations and restrictions attaching to the Units which they hold. Without limitation, but provided the Trustee is entitled to do so under the Corporations Act, the Trustee may issue:

- (a) Partly Paid Units which for the purposes of determining the Holder's Distribution Entitlement, are to be treated according to:
  - (i) that proportion of a whole Unit as the amount paid up bears to the total Application Price for that Unit rounded to the nearest two decimal places; and
  - (ii) the length of time during the Financial Year for which the proportion or different proportions of the Application Price were paid up;
- (b) Units on terms which entitle the Unit Holder to a distribution of the amounts determined for distribution under clauses 13.4 and 13.5 in respect of a Financial Year in which such Units are issued in an amount which is not greater than:

A x B/C

where:

A is the Distribution Entitlement for each Unit Holder in respect of a Financial Year determined under clause 13.7(c);

B is the number of days from the date of issue of those Units to the end of that period; and

C is the total number of days in that period;

- (c) Units on terms which do not entitle the Unit Holder to receive a distribution of the Distribution Entitlement in respect of a Financial Year in which such Units are issued; or
- (d) Partly Paid Units on any other terms and conditions it determines.

# 13.18 Withholding Tax

- (a) The Trustee may deduct from any amount dealt with under this clause 13 any Tax that it is required by law to deduct from such amount.
- (b) The Trustee may recover from the Unit Holder an amount that the Trustee has paid in Tax on behalf of or in respect of a Unit Holder (including in respect of a distribution or an amount attributed to a Unit Holder) as a debt.
- (c) The Trustee is entitled to set off an amount that the Trustee can recover from the Unit holder under clause 13.18(b) against debts due, or owed, by the Trustee to the Unit Holder.

#### 13.19 Allocation of Net Income

To the extent permitted by law the Trustee must allocate the net taxable income of the trust as defined under section 95 of the 1936 Tax Act (as amended or substituted from time to time) to Unit Holders on a fair and reasonable basis having regard to their entitlements to Net Income and capital of the Trust as determined under this Trust Deed.

# 14 Powers and reporting obligations of the Trustee

# 14.1 General powers of Trustee

- (a) Subject to this Trust Deed, the Trustee has all the powers in respect of the Trust that it is possible under law to confer on a trustee as though it were the absolute and beneficial owner of the Assets and acting in its personal capacity.
- (b) The generality of this clause 14.1 is not limited by anything in the remainder of this clause 14.
- (c) To the maximum extent permitted by law:
  - (i) any rules and principles of law or equity that impose a duty on a trustee exercising a power of investment are hereby excluded; and
  - (ii) without limiting the generality of clause 14.1(c)(i), section 6 of the *Trustee Act 1958 (Vic)* is hereby expressly excluded from operation in relation to this Trust Deed and the Trust.

#### 14.2 Specific powers of the Trustee

Without limiting the generality of clause 14.1, the Trustee in its capacity as trustee of the Trust may:

- (a) carry on anywhere in the world and either alone or in partnership any trade or business whatsoever and for that purpose employ in that trade or business the whole or any part of the capital or income of the Trust and for this purpose acquire property, borrow money on security of the Assets, with or without security incur liabilities binding on the Trust or give any guarantee or indemnity for payment of moneys or the performance of any obligation or undertaking with or without security as the Trustee shall deem fit;
- (b) advance and lend moneys to, and to borrow and raise money from any persons, firms, corporations, bodies, associations or government or municipal bodies whether alone or jointly with any other company or person upon such terms whether or not with security or interest as the Trustee shall see fit and to secure the repayment of those moneys by mortgaging or charging (by fixed or floating charge or otherwise) any undertaking of the Trustee or all or any part of the Assets including any property which may subsequently be acquired by the Trustee so that it will form part of the Assets and any mortgage or charge created or purporting to be created under this clause shall be valid in all respects irrespective of the actual application of the moneys and the rights of the mortgagee or chargee shall take priority in all respects over the rights of the Unit Holders and all other persons;
- (c) create Security Interests over all or any part the Assets;

- (d) create different Classes with different rights and entitlements;
- (e) apply to ASIC for registration of the Trust as a Registered Scheme under the Corporations Act:
- (f) apply for listing of the Trust and quotation of the Units (or any other financial product relating to the Trust) on any stock exchange (including but not limited to the ASX) and for this purpose the Trustee is authorised on its own behalf and on behalf of each Unit Holder as the Unit Holder's agent or attorney to do all things necessary to effect a listing or quotation;
- (g) invest in any form of investment in any region or market and may vary an investment at any time in its absolute discretion, including without limitation:
  - (i) purchasing or disposing of Assets for cash or other consideration; and
  - entering into any swap, forward rate agreement, currency exchange agreement or any other form of hedge, derivative or other transaction (for speculative purposes or otherwise);
- (h) share risk and returns with any other person or trust;
- (i) vary, replace or deal with the Assets in any way;
- (j) buy-back Units;
- (k) fetter future discretions, such as by the granting of options;
- (I) enter into any arrangement or agreement with underwriters in relation to the Trust;
- (m) exercise all voting rights conferred by the Assets as it thinks fit; and
- (n) give guarantees and/or indemnities to any person,

as if it were dealing with its own assets.

# 14.3 Delegation

- (a) Without limiting clause 14.1, the Trustee may appoint any person as its delegate, attorney or agent to:
  - (i) perform any act;
  - (ii) carry out any obligation; or
  - (iii) exercise any power (including the appointment of its own delegate, attorney or agent),

that the Trustee has under this Trust Deed.

(b) The Trustee may appoint an agent, manager, custodian or other person (each of whom may, with the approval of the Trustee, sub-delegate to any person any of its functions as it thinks fit), to acquire, hold title to, dispose of or otherwise deal with Assets on behalf of the Trustee and perform any action incidental or ancillary thereto or otherwise approved by the Trustee.

- (c) Any person appointed under clauses 14.3(a) or 14.3(b) may be an Associate or employee of the Trustee.
- (d) An appointment under clauses 14.3(a) or 14.3(b) may be joint.
- (e) Subject to section 601FB of the Corporations Act (if the Trust is a Registered Scheme), the Trustee will not be liable for the acts or omissions of any delegate. The Trustee may include provisions to protect and assist those dealing with the delegate as the Trustee thinks fit.
- (f) If the Trustee delegates any of its responsibilities under this Trust Deed to a third party, including, but not limited to, administration of the Trust, management of the Project or development management of the Project, the Trustee may pay to the person to whom it has delegated that role:
  - (i) all or part of the fees that the Trustee would otherwise have been entitled to receive under this Trust Deed for undertaking that role; or
  - (ii) the amount of that person's fees from Assets.

#### 14.4 Advisers

Without limiting this clause, the Trustee may engage an Adviser to assist with its duties and functions under this Trust Deed. An Adviser may be an Associate or employee of the Trustee.

#### 14.5 Exercise of discretion

The Trustee shall in its absolute discretion decide how and when to exercise its powers.

# 14.6 Exercise of powers

In exercising its powers under this Trust Deed, the Trustee must:

- act in the best interests of Unit Holders, and if there is a conflict between the Unit Holders' interests and its own interests, give priority to the Unit Holders' interests;
   and
- (b) treat the Unit Holders who hold interests of the same class equally and Unit Holders who hold interests of different classes fairly, except to the extent that the Trustee directs an amount arising from the sale of an Asset to a particular Unit Holder in circumstances described in clause 8.12(c).

# 14.7 Reporting obligations of the Trustee

Subject to the Corporations Act, the Trustee must provide Unit Holders (either physically or electronically) with the following communications:

- (a) a confirmation within 20 Business Days of a Unit Holder being issued with Units in the Trust;
- (b) semi-annual reports on the performance of the Trust within 90 days of 30 December each year;

- (c) annual audited financial reports within 3 Months of the end of each financial year; and
- (d) distribution and tax statements together with each distribution.

# 15 Holding of Assets

#### 15.1 How held

Subject to clauses 15.2 and 15.3, all Assets will be held in the name of the Trustee.

#### 15.2 Custodian

If the Trustee considers it necessary or desirable, the Assets (or any Asset) may be held by a custodian or nominee appointed by the Trustee and acting as agent for the Trustee.

# 15.3 Holding of Assets

A custodian appointed by the Trustee in respect of a particular Asset must hold that Asset:

- (a) directly in its name; or
- (b) indirectly by means of any asset title transfer or holding system approved by the Trustee (and while the Trust is a Registered Scheme, to the extent permitted by Corporations Act and any applicable ASIC Exemption).

# 16 Remuneration and Expenses of Trustee

#### 16.1 Trustee's Fees

Subject to the Corporations Act (where the Trust is a Registered Scheme) and clause 16.10, the Trustee will be entitled to the following fees in respect of the Trust:

- (a) an acquisition fee of up to 2.5% of the purchase price of each Property acquired by the Trust (directly or indirectly) or any controlled sub-trust. This fee is payable on completion of the acquisition of each Property and is payable out of the Assets of the Trust;
- (b) the Trustee may deduct from the Assets of the Trust, a management fee determined by the Trustee and notified to Unit Holders of up to 0.6% per annum of the Gross Asset Value of the Trust calculated and accrued daily (or as otherwise determined by the Trustee) and payable within seven days of the end of each Month. For the purposes of calculating the monthly Management Fee, the value of each Property is determined using the average of the month's opening and closing Property value, as set out in the Trust's monthly financial accounts;
- (c) a project management fee of up to 5% of the value of any works (as determined by a quantity surveyor) undertaken in respect of any Property. This fee is payable monthly in arrears and is payable out of the Assets of the Trust:

- (d) a finance facility fee in the amount of \$50,000 in respect of any finance arranged for the Trust by the Trustee or its Associates payable from the finance facility upon entering into any finance facility; and
- (e) a performance fee equal to the amount of 15% of the amount by which the Internal Rate of Return to Unit Holders exceeds 11% per annum as determined by the Trustee payable within:
  - (i) 1 Month of removal of the Trustee as the trustee of the Trust with the Internal Rate of Return being calculated based on the sum of all actual and hypothetical (where applicable) distributions (including capital) that have been or would be made to Unit Holders in respect of the relevant period had the Property been sold at its market value (as determined by an independent valuer appointed by the Trustee) and the proceeds of that sale and any other Assets been distributed to Unit Holders on the date that the Trustee is removed as trustee of the Trust, ignoring for the purposes of this calculation the effect of any hypothetical costs of sale of the Property;
  - (ii) 1 Month of the sale of a Property with the Internal Rate of Return being calculated:
    - (A) if there has not been a payment of the performance fee to a previous trustee pursuant to clause 16.1(e)(i), calculated based on the sum of all actual and forecast distributions (including capital, taking into account the sale price of the Property) made or to be made to Unit Holders during the relevant period; or
    - (B) if there has been a payment of the performance fee to a previous trustee pursuant to clause 16.1(e)(i), based on the sum of all actual and forecast distributions (including capital, taking into account the sale price of the Property) made or to be made to Unit Holders during the relevant period less any amount paid to a previous trustee pursuant to clause 16.1(e)(i).

#### 16.2 Waiver of remuneration

The Trustee may accept a lower fee than it is entitled to receive under this Trust Deed, or may defer payment for a period on such terms as the Trustee determines at its sole discretion.

#### 16.3 Priority of Trustee's remuneration

The remuneration of the Trustee shall have priority over the payment of all other amounts payable from the Assets of the Trust.

#### 16.4 Establishment costs

- (a) Without limiting clause 16.8, the Trustee, or an Associate of the Trustee, may pay, on behalf of the Trust, any or all costs and expenses incurred in connection with the establishment and initial promotion of the Trust, including the production and distribution of the first disclosure document (**Establishment Costs**).
- (b) In such a case, the Trustee or the Associate (as the case may be) will be entitled to be reimbursed out of the Assets for all Establishment Costs that were reasonably and properly incurred.

(c) The Trustee or the Associate (as the case may be) may waive recovery of any of the Establishment Costs, or may be reimbursed from the Assets in a year or years later than the year in which the Establishment Cost was incurred.

# 16.5 Differential fee arrangements

Subject to the Corporations Act and any applicable ASIC Exemption (where the Trust is a Registered Scheme), the Trustee may agree with any Unit Holder any fee arrangements with that Unit Holder which are different to those provided for under this Trust Deed or which apply to other Unit Holders.

## 16.6 Units as payment for fees

Subject to the Corporations Act, the Trustee may elect to be issued Units instead of cash in payment of its fees or reimbursement of its expenses under this Trust Deed.

# 16.7 Fees paid to the Trustee in a different capacity

Subject to the Corporations Act where the Trust is a Registered Scheme, the Trustee may be paid a fee for work performed in connection with the Trust in its personal capacity and not in its capacity as the responsible entity or trustee of the Trust. The Trustee may retain any such fee for its own purposes and is not required to account for the fee to the Trust or to Unit Holders.

# 16.8 Reimbursement of Expenses

Subject to the Corporations Act where the Trust is a Registered Scheme, all Expenses incurred by the Trustee in relation to the proper performance of its duties in respect of the Trust shall be payable or reimbursable out of the Assets to the extent that such reimbursement is not prohibited by the Corporations Act, including, without limitation, Expenses arising in connection with the matters listed in item 1 of Schedule 1.

# 16.9 Class Expenses

Subject to the Corporations Act, where a Class is on issue and the Trustee may make a determination that an Expense, or part of an Expense, is to be a Class Expense in relation to a Class, but if no determination is made under this clause, then:

- (a) in respect of fees of the Trustee which are charged to a particular Class, the GST on those fees and the corresponding reduced input credit or input credit (as the case may be) that arises in connection with a fee payable or supply in respect of a Class, is to be referable to that Class; and
- (b) any other Expenses under this clause 16 is to be referable to all Units on an equal basis.

#### 16.10 Proper performance of duties

Where the Trust is a Registered Scheme, the rights of the Trustee to be paid fees out of the Assets, or to be reimbursed or indemnified out of the Assets for liabilities or expenses incurred in relation to the performance of its duties as Trustee, are only available in relation to the proper performance of those duties.

#### 16.11 GST

- (a) Expressions that have defined meanings under the GST Act bear the same meaning for the purpose of this clause 16.11 as those expressions in the GST Act.
- (b) Any amount payable or any consideration provided or to be provided under or in connection with this Trust Deed does not include an amount for GST.
- (c) If the Trustee is or becomes liable to pay GST in respect of any supply under or in connection with this Trust Deed (including the performance of any of its obligations) then:
  - (i) the Trustee shall be entitled to be paid or reimbursed from the Assets for an amount equal to the amount of the GST payable on that supply in addition to any amount or consideration to which the Trustee is entitled; or
  - (ii) the recipient of the supply must pay to the Trustee, at the same time and in the same manner as the consideration is otherwise payable, an additional amount equal to the amount of the GST payable on that supply,

at the Trustee's discretion.

(d) If the Trustee is not entitled to an input tax credit in respect of the amount of any GST charged or recovered from the Trustee by any person, or payable by the Trustee by way of reimbursement of GST referable directly or indirectly to any supply made under or in connection with this Trust Deed, the Trustee is entitled to recover from the Trust by way of reimbursement an additional amount equivalent to the amount of such input tax, and the recovery of such additional amount shall comprise part of the consideration for a supply by the Trustee to the Trust treated as separate entities for the purposes of the GST Act. This does not affect the character of the payment as an exercise of the Trustee's right of indemnity from the Assets for other purposes of this Trust Deed and the Corporations Act. Where an expense is paid from the Trust to the Trustee, the payment shall comprise part of the consideration for the supply by the Trustee to the Trust treated as separate entities for the purposes of the GST Act. This does not affect the character of the payment as an exercise of the Trustee's right of indemnity from the Assets for other purposes of this Trust Deed and the Corporations Act.

#### 16.12 Sums owed to the Trustee

The Trustee may redeem such number of a Unit Holder's Units (including a fraction, if necessary) as have a value (based on the Net Asset Value at that time) equal to any amount of money due to it by the Unit Holder and deduct such amounts from the Withdrawal Price of the Units.

# 17 Change in Trustee

# 17.1 Voluntary retirement while the Trust is a Registered Scheme

(a) While the Trust is a Registered Scheme, the Trustee may retire as the trustee of the Trust as permitted by section 601FL of the Corporations Act. (b) If permitted by law or by any relief from the Corporations Act granted by ASIC, the Trustee may appoint its successor by deed.

# 17.2 Voluntary retirement while the Trust is not a Registered Scheme

While the Trust is not a Registered Scheme, the Trustee may retire as the trustee of the Trust by giving at least 14 days' notice to Unit Holders (or such shorter period as they agree). On retirement, the Trustee may appoint in writing another person to be the trustee of the Trust.

# 17.3 Compulsory retirement

While the Trust is not a Registered Scheme, the Trustee shall retire as the responsible entity and/or trustee of the Trust on the passing of a resolution to remove the Trustee at a meeting of the Unit Holders where:

- (a) Unit Holders holding at least 75% of the Units vote on the resolution (in person or by proxy) to remove the Trustee; and
- (b) more than 50% of the Unit Holders that vote on the resolution (in person or by proxy) vote in favor of the Trustee being removed as the trustee.

## 17.4 New trustee or responsible entity

- (a) Any proposed replacement trustee or responsible entity shall execute a deed by which it covenants to be bound by this Trust Deed as if it had originally been a party to it.
- (b) On retirement or removal, the Trustee shall give the new trustee or responsible entity all books, documents and records relating to the Trust.
- (c) On retirement or removal the Trustee shall be released from all obligations in relation to the Trust arising after the time it retires or is removed.
- (d) Upon retirement or removal of the Trustee, all fees and other amounts owing to the Trustee and all amounts deferred by the Trustee pursuant to clause 16.2 become due and payable to the Trustee from the Assets and the new Trustee must take such action as is necessary to promptly effect all such payments.

#### 17.5 Retirement benefit

Subject to the Corporations Act (where the Trust is a Registered Scheme), the Trustee may agree to be paid a benefit by another entity who proposes to be the trustee of the Trustee (**Proposed Trustee**) in consideration for:

- (a) retiring as responsible entity and/or trustee; or
- agreeing to submit to a proposal for its retirement to a meeting of Unit Holders and nominating to the Unit Holders the Proposed Trustee as the replacement responsible entity,

and the Trustee is not required to account to Unit Holders for the benefit received.

# 18 Limitation of liability

# 18.1 Limitation of Trustee's liability

- (a) Subject to the Corporations Act where the Trust is a Registered Scheme, neither the Trustee nor its Associates are liable for any loss or damage to any person (including any Unit Holder) arising out of any matter unless, in respect of that matter, it acted both:
  - (i) otherwise than in accordance with this Trust Deed; and
  - (ii) without a belief held in good faith that it was acting in accordance with this Trust Deed,

in any case, subject to the law, the liability of the Trustee in relation to the Trust is limited to the Assets, from which the Trustee is entitled to be, and is in fact, indemnified.

- (b) In particular, subject to the Corporations Act, (where the Trust is a Registered Scheme) the Trustee is not liable for any loss or damage to any person arising out of any matter where, in respect of that matter:
  - (i) to the extent permitted by law, it relied in good faith on the services of, or information or advice from, or purporting to be from, any person appointed by the Trustee; or
  - (ii) it acted as required by law; or
  - (iii) it relied in good faith upon any signature, marking or documents.

# 18.2 Limitation of Unit Holders' liability

- (a) Subject to clauses 18.2(c) and 18.2(e), the liability of each Unit Holder shall be limited to the amount, if any, which remains unpaid in relation to the Unit Holder's subscription for Units in the Trust.
- (b) A Unit Holder shall not be required to indemnify the Trustee if there is a deficiency in the Assets or to meet the claim of any creditor of the Trustee in respect of the Trust.
- (c) The Trustee, on its own account and on account of the Trust, shall be entitled to be indemnified by each Relevant Person for any Tax, bank fees or charges of the Relevant Person paid out of the Trust, except to the extent to which the Trustee is reimbursed out of the Trust.
- (d) Joint Unit Holders shall be jointly and severally liable in respect of all payments, including payments of Tax to which clause 18.2(c) applies.
- (e) In the absence of separate agreement with a Unit Holder, the recourse of the Trustee and any creditor shall be limited to the Assets.

# 19 Indemnity

# 19.1 Trustee's indemnity

In addition to any indemnity available to the Trustee under the law or this Trust Deed, but subject to the Corporations Act and clause 16.10, if the Trust is a Registered Scheme the Trustee has a right to be fully indemnified out of the Assets, in respect of all expenses, liabilities, costs and any other matters in connection with the Trust and against all actions, proceedings, costs, claims and demands brought against the Trustee in its capacity as trustee of the Trust in respect of any matter or thing done or omitted (Indemnified Matter) except:

- (a) in the case of the Trustee 's own fraud, negligence or wilful default; and
- (b) in respect of the overhead expenses of the Trustee.

# 19.2 Trustee's indemnity continuing

- (a) The right of indemnity of the Trustee in respect of a particular Indemnified Matter will not be lost or impaired by reason of a separate act or omission (whether before or after the particular Indemnified Matter) in breach of trust or in breach of this Trust Deed.
- (b) The indemnity provided under clause 19.1 will continue in favour of the Trustee after it has ceased to be the Trustee and will apply even if at any time the Liabilities exceed the Net Asset Value.
- (c) For the avoidance of doubt, the Trustee may be entitled to an indemnity under clause 19.1 in respect of any act or omission of a delegate or agent appointed by the Trustee for which the delegate or agent is not obliged to fully indemnify the Trust.

# 19.3 Payment

The Trustee may pay out of the Assets any amount for which it would be entitled to be indemnified under clause 19.1.

# 19.4 Trustee not to incur liability

The Trustee is not required to do anything (including enter into any contract or commitment) which involves it incurring any liability (actual or contingent) unless its liability is limited in a manner satisfactory to it in its absolute discretion.

# 20 Trustee's indemnity against Tax liability

# 20.1 Indemnity

(a) The Trustee is entitled to be indemnified by a Unit Holder, a former Unit Holder or an Applicant to the extent that it incurs a liability for Tax as a result of the Unit Holder's, former Unit Holder's or Applicant's action or inaction or as a result of an act or omission requested by the Unit Holder, former Unit Holder or Applicant.

- (b) For the avoidance of doubt, clause 20.1(a) includes an indemnity by a Unit Holder, former Unit Holder or Applicant in favour of the Trustee in respect of any Tax that may arise as a result of:
  - (i) the Trustee issuing Units to the Unit Holder or a former Unit Holder;
  - (ii) the Trustee redeeming any Unit or cancelling any Commitment;
  - (iii) the Trustee making a Call in respect of Partly Paid Units or a Commitment;
  - (iv) the transfer of Units by a Unit Holder or a former Unit Holder;
  - (v) the transfer of a Commitment by an Applicant; and
  - (vi) any person acquiring an interest in a Unit or a Commitment from a Unit Holder, a former Unit Holder or an Applicant (as the case may be).

#### 20.2 Joint Holders

Joint holders are jointly and severally liable in respect of all payments including payments of Tax to which clause 20.1 applies.

# 21 Stapling

# 21.1 Provisions applicable only while Stapling applies

Clauses 21.2 to 21.5 only apply while Stapling applies.

# 21.2 Paramountcy of Stapling provisions

The provisions of this Trust Deed relating to Stapling prevail over all other provisions of this Trust Deed including any that are expressed to prevail over others, except where this would result in a breach of the Corporations Act, the Listing Rules (if the Listing Rules apply) or any other law.

# 21.3 Maintenance of Listing and consistency with constitutions of the Stapled Entities

The Trustee must use every reasonable endeavour to procure that if the Stapled Securities are and continue to be Listed as one joint security, that the Stapled Securities are dealt with under this Trust Deed in a manner consistent with the provisions relating to the Attached Securities in the constitutions of the Stapled Entities.

# 21.4 Stapling - general information

Units are intended to be stapled to the Attached Securities in the ratio of one Unit to one of each category of the Attached Securities as from the Stapling Commencement Date. The intention is that, so far as the law permits, a Unit and one of each category of the Attached Securities which are Stapled together shall be treated as one security. If further Attached Securities are from time to time Stapled to the Units, or if Attached Securities are Unstapled from the Units, the intention is that, so far as the law permits, a Unit and one of each category of the Attached Securities which are Stapled together shall be treated as one Stapled Security.

# 21.5 Power to Unstaple Units

- (a) If Units comprise part of Stapled Securities, then subject to the Corporations Act (and, while the Units are Officially Quoted, the Listing Rules), the Trustee may at any time take action to have the Units Unstapled from the other Attached Securities or the Stapled Securities Unstapled and, if the Stapled Securities are Officially Quoted, removed from quotation.
- (b) After Unstapling, references to Stapled Securities will be removed from the Register.

# 22 Restructure proposals

# 22.1 Power to enter into Hardware Trust Proposal

- (a) The Trustee may enter into any scheme of arrangement, Stapling, merger arrangement or similar proposal between the Trust and the Newmark Hardware Trust involving the Units or the property of the Trust on terms approved by the Trustee in writing (Hardware Trust Proposal).
- (b) The Unit Holders will be taken to have consented:
  - (i) to any Hardware Trust Proposal, and so such proposal may be implemented without Unit Holder approval; and
  - (ii) each provision in the constituent documents of the Newmark Hardware Trust.

# 22.2 Power to enter into proposal

- (a) The Trustee may enter into any scheme of arrangement, merger arrangement or similar proposal in relation to the Trust whether involving Units or the property of the Trust (**Proposal**). Subject to clause 22.1, if in the Trustee's opinion the Proposal might adversely affect the rights of Unit Holders, the Proposal may only be implemented with the approval of a Resolution.
- (b) If the Proposal involves Stapling:
  - (i) the Unit Holders will be taken to have consented, and accordingly no Resolution will be required, in relation to Stapling, provided that each Stapled Security issued to a Unit Holder has a Market Price equal to or greater than the price determined in accordance with the equivalent provision of clause 7.1(b) in the constitution of the Stapled Entity immediately prior to the Stapling; and
  - (ii) the Unit Holders will be taken to have consented to each provision in the constituent documents of each Stapled Entity.

# 22.3 General

If a Proposal or Hardware Trust Proposal is entered into, and if necessary, approved by Unit Holders in accordance with clause 22.2, then from the date of such approval:

- (a) the Proposal or Hardware Trust Proposal binds the Trustee and all present and future Unit Holders notwithstanding that Unit Holders, or any particular Unit Holder (where Unit Holder approval is required) may not have approved the Proposal or Hardware Trust Proposal:
- (b) the Trustee and so far as is relevant the Unit Holders must give effect to the Proposal or Hardware Trust Proposal or in accordance with its terms;
- (c) the Trustee will have power to do all things which it considers necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental to give effect to the Proposal or Hardware Trust Proposal and those powers apply notwithstanding any other provisions of this Trust Deed other than clause 25.3;
- (d) the terms of the Proposal or Hardware Trust Proposal prevail to the extent necessary in the event of any inconsistency with the other terms of this Trust Deed other than clauses 25.3 and this clause 22.3;
- (e) subject to the Corporations Act, the Trustee shall not have any liability of any nature whatsoever to Unit Holders beyond the Assets of the Trust out of which the Trustee is actually indemnified arising directly or indirectly from the Trustee doing or refraining from any act pursuant to or in connection with the Proposal or Hardware Trust Proposal; and
- (f) the Trustee may amend the terms of the Proposal or Hardware Trust Proposal if such amendment is not inconsistent with the approval given by Unit Holders (if such approval was required) or such amendment does not adversely affect the rights of the Unit Holders and this clause 22.3 shall apply to the Proposal or Hardware Trust Proposal as amended.

## 22.4 Terms of Proposal or Hardware Trust Proposal

The Hardware Trust Proposal or a Proposal may provide for anything not contrary to law and it may without limitation:

- (a) be subject to conditions;
- (b) involve the withdrawal, cancellation or transfer of Units;
- (c) provide for the Trustee to execute any documents including any application for securities as agent on behalf of all or any Unit Holders;
- (d) authorise the Trustee as agent on behalf of all or any Unit Holders to pay the subscription money for new securities from the Assets of the Trust;
- (e) allow the Trustee to arrange the issue of further Units;
- (f) amend the time and procedures for the withdrawal, cancellation, transfer or issue of Units;
- (g) allow the Trustee to suspend the registration of transfers of Units;
- (h) provide for borrowings, the raising of money or the incurring of liabilities by the Trustee; or
- (i) provide for suspension of reinvestment of income entitlements.

# 22.5 Designated Foreign Investors

- (a) Without limiting the foregoing provisions of this clause 22, to enable the Trustee to give effect to:
  - (i) the Stapling of Attached Securities to the Units; or
  - (ii) the issue or transfer of Newmark Hardware Securities to Unit Holders pursuant to any Hardware Trust Proposal,

the provisions of this clause 22.5 apply.

- (b) Subject to the Corporations Act as modified by any applicable ASIC Exemption, the Trustee may determine that a Foreign Investor is a Designated Foreign Investor where the Trustee reasonably considers that it would be unreasonable to issue or transfer an Attached Security or Newmark Hardware Security to a Foreign Investor, having regard to each of the following:
  - (i) the number of Foreign Investors in the foreign place;
  - (ii) the number and the value of Attached Securities or Newmark Hardware Securities that may be issued or transferred to Foreign Investors in the foreign place; and
  - (iii) the cost of determining, and complying with, the legal requirements and the requirements of any relevant regulatory authority applicable to the issue or transfer of the Attached Securities or Newmark Hardware Securities in the foreign place.
- (c) Each Foreign Investor who is or becomes a Designated Foreign Investor consents and directs:
  - the Trustee to pay any distributions, withdrawal proceeds or other payments in respect of its Unit or Stapled Security, which are to be used to obtain an Attached Security or Newmark Hardware Security (Amounts), to a sale nominee (Sale Nominee);
  - the Sale Nominee to apply the Amount to obtain an Attached Security or Newmark Hardware Security;
  - (iii) subject to clause 22.5(d) below, the Sale Nominee to, as applicable, sell any:
    - (A) Stapled Security to which the Attached Security is Stapled; or
    - (B) Newmark Hardware Security,
  - (iv) the Sale Nominee to pay the Sale Consideration to the relevant Designated Foreign Investor as soon as practicable after the sale of the relevant Stapled Security or Newmark Hardware Security; and
  - (v) the Trustee to do all acts and other things necessary to deal with any interests of a Designated Foreign Investor in connection with:
    - (A) a Stapling of Attached Securities to the Units; or

(B) the issue or transfer of Newmark Hardware Securities to Unit Holders pursuant to any Hardware Trust Proposal,

regardless of whether those interests are proposed to be dealt with in accordance with paragraphs (i) to (iv).

- (d) If:
  - (i) an Attached Security is to be Stapled to a Unit or Stapled Security; or
  - (ii) a Newmark Hardware Security is to be issued or transferred to a Unit Holder,

the Designated Foreign Investor agrees to transfer each existing Unit, Stapled Security or entitlement to a Newmark Hardware Security they hold free of any encumbrance to the Sale Nominee on or prior to the record date for that stapling or other transaction (**Sale Record Date**) so that the Sale Nominee:

- (iii) is entered in the Register in respect of that Unit, Stapled Security or Newmark Hardware Security as at the Sale Record Date; and
- (iv) will receive, as applicable:
  - (A) the Attached Security pursuant to the Stapling of the Attached Security; or
  - (B) the Newmark Hardware Security pursuant to the Hardware Trust Proposal; and
- (v) will sell the resultant Stapled Security or Newmark Hardware Security for cash to pay the Sale Consideration to the Designated Foreign Investor.
- (e) The Trustee:
  - (i) must procure that each Designated Foreign Investor is paid the Sale Consideration to which that Designated Foreign Investor is entitled as soon as practicable after the sale of the relevant security;
  - (ii) may take all steps to ensure that the Unit, Stapled Security or entitlement to a Newmark Hardware Security held by the Designated Foreign Investor is transferred to the Sale Nominee prior to the Sale Record Date;
  - (iii) need not receive a transfer, instrument or certificate (if any) for existing Units, Stapled Securities or entitlement to Newmark Hardware Securities in order for the Trustee to register the transfer to the Sale Nominee. Such transfer shall be evidenced by, and shall have full effect from, its registration by the Trustee in the Register or in the case of a Hardware Trust Proposal, register of the Newmark Hardware Security.
- (f) The amount received for a Unit upon sale of a Stapled Security under clause 22.5(d)(v) is the amount received on the sale of the Stapled Security less the fair value for the Attached Securities as determined by the Trustee.

# 22.6 Modification or variation of Hardware Trust Proposal or Proposal

Where modifications or variations to the terms of this Trust Deed are not expressly provided for in the terms of the Hardware Trust Proposal or the Proposal but are necessary for or consequential to the implementation of the Hardware Trust Proposal or the Proposal, those modifications or variations are deemed to have been made to this Trust Deed. The Unit Holders:

- (a) authorise the Trustee to make these amendments in a deed made for that purpose and, if required, to lodge it with ASIC; and
- (b) agree that, their rights under this Trust Deed do not include or extend to any right that would be adversely affected by the operation of this clause 22.6.

#### 22.7 Trustee's authorisation

- (a) Each Unit Holder irrevocably authorises and empowers the Trustee or any officer of the Trustee to, and the Trustee is irrevocably appointed as the agent and attorney of each Unit Holder to, execute all transfer forms or withdrawal applications and other documents, and to do all things as the Trustee may consider necessary or desirable for, or reasonably incidental to, the implementation of the provisions of any Hardware Trust Proposal or any Proposal to be effected under this clause 22 and to receive on the Unit Holder's behalf any moneys payable to that Unit Holder. Each Unit Holder undertakes to ratify anything lawfully done by the Trustee in accordance with this clause 22.7(a) (to the extent that the Unit Holder is entitled to vote to ratify such thing).
- (b) Without limiting clause 22.7(a) or any provision of a relevant constituent document, to effect the Stapling of an Attached Security or any Hardware Trust Proposal, each Unit Holder irrevocably appoints the Trustee as the Unit Holder's agent and attorney in the Unit Holder's name and on the Unit Holder's behalf to:
  - (i) transfer, redeem or otherwise deal with any Unit;
  - (ii) agree to obtain any Attached Security or Newmark Hardware Security;
  - (iii) apply any distributions, withdrawal proceeds or other payments to obtain an Attached Security or Newmark Hardware Security;
  - (iv) where an Attached Security comprises shares or an interest in shares or interests in a company or managed investment scheme, agree to become a member of that company or managed investment scheme;
  - (v) agree to become a member of the Newmark Hardware Trust; and
  - (vi) do all acts and things and execute all applications, transfers, withdrawals and any other documents which the Trustee, in consultation with each other issuer of Stapled Securities or Newmark Hardware Trust Securities (as applicable), considers necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental to effect the acquisition of an Attached Security or Newmark Hardware Trust Security by the Unit Holder.
- (c) Without limiting clause 22.7(a) or any provision of a relevant constituent document, to effect the disposal of Units, Newmark Hardware Trust Securities or Stapled Securities held by or on behalf of a Designated Foreign Investor, each Designated

Foreign Investor irrevocably appoints the Trustee as that Unit Holder's agent and attorney in the Unit Holder's name and on the Unit Holder's behalf to:

- (i) receive and apply the Amounts referred to in clause 22.5(c)(i) in the manner contemplated in clause 22.5;
- (ii) execute applications or transfers in relation to the transfer of any Units, Newmark Hardware Trust Securities or Stapled Securities;
- (iii) execute transfers of any Units, Newmark Hardware Trust Securities or Stapled Securities which are to be the subject of the Sale Facility; and
- (iv) do all acts and things and execute any other documents which the Trustee considers necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental to effect clause 22.5.

# 23 Small Holdings

# 23.1 Application of this clause

This clause 23 applies while the Units are Officially Quoted. In this clause 23, market value is the price used to calculate a marketable parcel under the Listing Rules.

# 23.2 Trustee's right to sell Small Holdings

Subject to the provisions of this clause 23, the Trustee may in its discretion from time to time sell or redeem any Units held by a Unit Holder that is a Small Holder without request by the Small Holder.

#### 23.3 Divestment Notice

If the Trustee determines that a Unit Holder is a Small Holder, the Trustee may give notice to the Unit Holder:

- (a) that the Unit Holder is a Small Holder, the number of Units making up and the market value of the Small Holding, the date on which the market value was determined and the Relevant Period;
- (b) that unless the Small Holder tells the Trustee that the Small Holder wishes to retain the Relevant Units before the Relevant Period lapses, the Trustee intends to sell the Relevant Units in accordance with this clause 23 after the end of the Relevant Period specified in the Divestment Notice; and
- (c) after the end of the Relevant Period, if the Small Holder has not informed the Trustee that it wishes to retain the Units making up the Small Holding, the Trustee may for the purpose of selling the Relevant Units that are in a CS Facility holding initiate a holding adjustment to move those Units from that CS Facility holding to an Issuer Sponsored Holding or certificated holding.

If the Operating Rules of a CS Facility apply to the Relevant Units, the Divestment Notice must comply with those Operating Rules.

#### 23.4 Relevant Period

The Relevant Period must be at least six weeks from the date the Divestment Notice was given.

# 23.5 Limitation on Trustee's right to sell

The Trustee will not sell or redeem the Relevant Units:

- (a) before the expiry of six weeks from the date of the Divestment Notice; or
- (b) if within the six weeks allowed by clause 23.4:
  - (i) the Small Holder advises the Trustee that the Small Holder wishes to retain the Relevant Units; or
  - (ii) the market value of the Small Holding held by the Small Holder increases to at least a marketable parcel as provided in the Listing Rules.

#### 23.6 Trustee can sell Relevant Units

At the end of the Relevant Period, if the Small Holder has not advised the Trustee that the Small Holder wishes to retain the Relevant Units, the Trustee is entitled to sell on-market or in any other way determined by the Trustee the Relevant Units of the Small Holder.

# 23.7 No obligation to sell

The Trustee is not bound to sell any Relevant Units which it is entitled to sell under this clause 23 but unless the Relevant Units are sold within 10 weeks after the end of the Relevant Period, the Trustee's right to sell the Relevant Units under the Divestment Notice relating to those Units lapses and it must notify the Unit Holder to whom the Divestment Notice was given accordingly.

# 23.8 Trustee as Unit Holder's attorney

To effect the sale and transfer by the Trustee of Relevant Units of a Unit Holder, the Unit Holder appoints the Trustee and each director and secretary of the Trustee jointly and severally as the Unit Holder's attorney in the Unit Holder's name and on the Unit Holder 's behalf to do all acts and things which the Trustee considers necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental or appropriate to effect the sale or transfer of the Relevant Units and in particular:

- (a) to initiate a holding adjustment to move the Relevant Units from a CS Facility holding to an Issuer Sponsored Holding or a certificated holding; and
- (b) to execute on behalf of the Unit Holder all deeds, instruments or other documents necessary to transfer the Relevant Units and to deliver any such deeds, instruments or other documents to the purchaser.

#### 23.9 Conclusive evidence

A statement in writing by or on behalf of the Trustee under this clause 23 is binding on and conclusive against (in the absence of manifest error) a Unit Holder. In particular, a statement that the Relevant Units specified in the statement have been sold in accordance

with this clause 23 is conclusive against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Relevant Units and discharges the purchaser from all liability in respect of the Relevant Units.

# 23.10 Registering the purchaser

The Trustee must register the purchaser of Relevant Units as the holder of the Relevant Units transferred to the purchaser under this clause. The purchaser is not bound to see to the application of any money paid as consideration. The title of the purchaser to the Relevant Units transferred to the purchaser is not affected by any irregularity or invalidity in connection with the actions of the Trustee under this clause 23.

# 23.11 Payment of proceeds

Subject to clause 23.12, where:

- (a) Relevant Units of a Unit Holder are sold by the Trustee on behalf of the Unit Holder under this clause 23; and
- (b) the certificate for the Relevant Units (unless the Trustee is satisfied that the certificate has been lost or destroyed or the Relevant Units are uncertificated securities) has been received by the Trustee,

the Trustee must, within 60 days of the completion of the sale, send the net proceeds of sale to the Unit Holder entitled to those proceeds by sending a cheque payable to the Unit Holder through the post to the address of the Unit Holder shown in the Register, or in the case of joint holders, to the address shown in the Register as the address of the Unit Holder whose name first appears in the Register. Payment of any money under this clause 23.11 is at the risk of the Unit Holder to whom it is sent.

### 23.12 Costs

The Trust or the purchaser of the Units making up the Small Holding must pay the costs of the sale as the Trustee decides.

#### 23.13 Remedy limited to damages

The remedy of a Unit Holder to whom this clause 23 applies, in respect of the sale of the Relevant Units of that Unit Holder, is expressly limited to a right of action in damages against the Trustee to the exclusion of any other right, remedy or relief against any other person.

# 23.14 Distributions and voting suspended

Unless the Trustee determines otherwise, the rights to receive payment of distributions and to vote attached to the Relevant Units of that Unit Holder are suspended until the Relevant Units are transferred to a new holder. Any distributions that would, but for this clause 23.14, have been paid to that Unit Holder must be held by the Trustee and paid to that Unit Holder within 60 days after the earlier of the date the Relevant Units of that Unit Holder are transferred and the date that the Relevant Units of that Unit Holder cease to be subject to a Divestment Notice.

#### 23.15 12 Month limit

If it is a requirement of the Listing Rules, the Trustee must not give a Small Holder more than one Divestment Notice in any 12 Month period (except as contemplated by clause 23.16).

#### 23.16 Effect of takeover bid

From the date of the announcement of a takeover bid for the Units until the close of the offers made under the takeover bid, the Trustee's powers under this clause 23 to sell Relevant Units of a Unit Holder cease. After the close of the offers under the takeover bid, the Trustee may give a Divestment Notice to a Unit Holder who is a Small Holder, despite clause 23.15 and the fact that it may be less than 12 Months since the Trustee gave a Divestment Notice to that Unit Holder.

# 23.17 While Stapling applies

While Stapling applies, no sale under this clause 23 may occur unless, at the same time as Units are sold, an identical number of Attached Securities is also sold.

# 24 Register

# 24.1 Keeping Register

- (a) The Trustee shall establish and keep, or cause to be kept, a register of Unit Holders at its registered office.
- (b) Where the Trust is a Registered Scheme the Register must be kept in a form which, to the extent applicable, complies with the requirements of section 169 of the Corporations Act.

# 24.2 Trustee's powers

Where the Trust is a Registered Scheme, the Trustee has the powers conferred under the Corporations Act in relation to the Register.

# 24.3 Inspection

The Trustee will make the Register available for inspection without charge to Unit Holders at all times when the Trustee's registered office is open for business to the public.

# 24.4 Changes

Every Unit Holder shall promptly notify the Trustee of any change of name or address and the Trustee must alter the Register accordingly.

#### 24.5 Register conclusive

Except where this Trust Deed or the law requires otherwise, the Trustee is entitled to treat the registered Unit Holder as absolute owner of the relevant Unit for all purposes. The entry in the Register shall be conclusive except where the Trustee is satisfied of manifest error and the Trustee is not bound to recognise (notwithstanding receipt of any notice,

whether actual, implied, imputed or constructive) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest attaching to any Unit.

# 25 Amendments to this Trust Deed

## 25.1 Overriding provision

This clause 25 shall be read subject to clause 26.

# 25.2 Trustee may amend

Where the Trust is a Registered Scheme, subject to the Corporations Act (and, where the Trust is not a Registered Scheme, subject to applying the Corporations Act and any relevant ASIC Exemption with modifications as if the Trustee were a responsible entity and the Trust were a Registered Scheme) and subject to any other approval that may be required by law, this Trust Deed (including this clause) may be replaced or amended:

- (a) by Special Resolution of the Unit Holders of the Trust; or
- (b) by the Trustee if:
  - (i) the Trustee reasonably considers the change will not adversely affect Unit Holders' rights; or
  - (ii) the Trustee determines (acting reasonably) that this Trust Deed contains an error that requires rectification or a matter which requires clarification.

#### 25.3 Compliance with the AMIT Regime

For the avoidance of doubt, the Trustee may modify this Trust Deed to the extent that the Trustee reasonably considers that the modification is necessary for or incidental to the Trust being able to be operated in a manner permitted by the Tax Act as an AMIT with the Trustee as its trustee and, had the Trust been a Registered Scheme, the Trustee would not be precluded from making that modification.

# 25.4 Statutory requirements

Clause 25.2 does not apply to provisions deemed by clause 26 to be incorporated into this Trust Deed.

#### 25.5 Listing Rules

While the Units are Officially Quoted:

- (a) notwithstanding anything contained in this Trust Deed, if the Listing Rules prohibit an act being done, the act shall not be done;
- (b) nothing contained in this Trust Deed prevents an act being done that the Listing Rules require to be done;
- (c) if the Listing Rules require an act to be done or not to be done, authority is given for that act to be done or not to be done (as the case may be):

- (d) if the Listing Rules require this Trust Deed to contain a provision and it does not contain such a provision, this Trust Deed is deemed to contain that provision;
- (e) if the Listing Rules require this Trust Deed not to contain a provision and it contains such a provision, this Trust Deed is deemed not to contain that provision; and
- (f) if any provision of this Trust Deed is or becomes inconsistent with the Listing Rules, this Trust Deed is deemed not to contain that provision to the extent of the inconsistency.

#### 25.6 Class Order

In accordance with ASIC Instrument 2017/125 or its equivalent and for so long as it applies to the Trust, a change in the text of this Trust Deed because of the operation of clause 25.5 that is covered by such instrument is not a modification of, or the repeal and replacement of, the Trust Deed for the purposes of sub-sections 601GC(1) and (2) of the Corporations Act.

# 26 Corporations Act and ASIC Exemptions

# 26.1 Corporations Act

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Trust Deed, a provision of this Trust Deed which is expressed to apply subject to the Corporations Act, is only so subject while the Trust is a Registered Scheme (and the provision is to be read accordingly).

## 26.2 Agreed amendments

If any part of this Trust Deed (**Required Part**) is included to comply with the requirements of the Corporations Act or ASIC (**Regulatory Requirement**) and that Regulatory Requirement ceases or changes, the Unit Holders:

- (a) agree that unless the Trustee determines otherwise, this Trust Deed will be automatically amended by removing the Required Part (or amending it to reflect the altered Regulatory Requirement) and authorise the Trustee to make that amendment in a deed made for that purpose (Regulatory Requirement Amendment); and
- (b) acknowledge that a Regulatory Requirement Amendment will not adversely affect their rights.

# 26.3 ASIC Exemptions

If relief from the provisions of the Corporations Act granted by an ASIC Exemption requires that this Trust Deed contain certain provisions, then, notwithstanding any amendment to this Trust Deed effected under clause 25, those provisions are taken to be incorporated into this Trust Deed at all times at which they are required to be included and prevail over any other provisions of this Trust Deed to the extent of any inconsistency. However, if the relief is granted by class order (rather than specifically in relation to the Trust) then the ASIC Exemption (and the provisions it requires) will not be taken to be incorporated if the Trustee declares in writing that this is the case. This declaration may be made at any time.

### 27 Termination of Trust

The Trust terminates on the earlier of:

- (a) unless otherwise permitted by law, the day eighty years less one day from the Commencement Date;
- (b) the date determined by the Trustee as the date on which the Trust is to be terminated, being a date at least 3 Months after the date of the provision of notice of such termination to all Unit Holders:
- (c) the date determined by a resolution passed by 75% (by value of Units) of votes cast by Unit Holders present in person or by proxy at a meeting of the Unit Holders; or
- (d) the date on which the Trust is otherwise terminated by law.

### 28 Termination and winding up of the Trust

#### 28.1 Realisation of Assets

On the termination and winding up of the Trust, the Trustee shall:

- (a) not issue or redeem Units in the Trust; and
- (b) not convert, substitute or replace Units in the Trust with other Units or Classes of Units;
- (c) not vary any rights attaching to the Units;
- (d) not make a Call on the holder of a Partly Paid Unit;
- (e) sell and realise the Assets and, subject to clauses 28.3, 28.4 and 28.5, distribute to the Unit Holders the amount calculated in accordance with clause 28.2(a).

#### 28.2 Procedure on the winding up of the Trust

- (a) Subject to the terms of issue of any Unit or Class, the net proceeds of realisation, after making allowance for all Liabilities of the Trust (actual and anticipated) and meeting the expenses (including anticipated expenses) of the termination, shall be distributed pro rata to Unit Holders according to the number of Units they hold less the value of any Assets transferred to or to be transferred to that Unit Holder under clause 28.2(b). The Trustee may distribute proceeds of realisation in instalments.
- (b) If the Unit Holder and the Trustee agree, the Trustee may transfer to the Unit Holder specified Assets in full or partial satisfaction of that Unit Holder's entitlement on winding up of the Trust, such specified Assets to be transferred at a value reasonably determined by the Trustee to be the value of the relevant Assets as at the date of the transfer to the Unit Holder and the Unit Holder being liable to pay any Transaction Charge associated with the transfer.
- (c) Subject to the Corporations Act, the provisions of this Trust Deed shall continue to apply from the date of termination of the Trust until the date of final distribution

under clause 28.2(a), but during that period the Trustee may not accept any applications for Units from a person who is not an existing Unit Holder.

#### 28.3 Trustee may recover Expenses

Subject to clause 16.10 while the Trust is a Registered Scheme, the Trustee shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the Trust for, and to be paid and retain from the proceeds all Expenses incurred or likely to be incurred:

- (a) by the Trustee in connection with the winding up of the Trust;
- (b) by or on behalf of any creditor of the Trustee in relation to the Trust; and
- (c) by or on behalf of any agent, solicitor, banker, accountant or other person engaged by the Trustee in connection with the winding up of the Trust.

#### 28.4 Retention of Assets

The Trustee may retain under its control for so long as it thinks fit that part of the Assets which in its opinion may be required to meet any outgoings or liabilities (actual or contingent) in respect of the Trust. If any part of the Assets retained is ultimately found not to be required, then it will remain subject to realisation and distribution under clauses 28.1 and 28.2.

#### 28.5 Postponement of realisation

The Trustee may postpone the realisation of any part of the Assets for such period as is reasonably necessary or desirable to effect a reasonable and orderly realisation of the Assets and will not be responsible for any loss attributable to that postponement.

#### 28.6 Trustee's obligation to make distributions

The Trustee shall not be obliged to make a distribution to a Unit Holder under this clause 28 unless the Unit Holder delivers to the Trustee any evidence of title required by the Trustee together with any form of receipt and discharge required by the Trustee.

#### 28.7 Cancellation of Units

Unless the Trustee determines otherwise, all Units will be cancelled and taken to be redeemed from the date the final distribution of the net proceeds from the realisation of the Assets is made.

#### 28.8 Continuation of powers

The powers, duties and rights of the Trustee (including the rights to remuneration and to any indemnities under this Trust Deed or the law) continue following termination to the extent to which they are not inconsistent with this clause 28.

#### 28.9 Audit of accounts of the Trust

If the Trust is a Registered Scheme, to the extent that the Corporations Act or ASIC policy requires, the Trustee shall arrange for the final accounts of the Trust following the winding up to be audited by a registered company auditor, or a firm at least one of whose members is a registered company auditor, who is independent of the Trustee.

### 29 Meetings of Unit Holders

#### 29.1 Convening meetings

The Trustee may at any time convene a meeting of Unit Holders or a Class of Unit Holders and shall do so if required by the Corporations Act.

#### 29.2 Calling and holding meetings while the Trust a Registered Scheme

While the Trust is a Registered Scheme, meetings of Unit Holders must be called and held in accordance with Part 2G.4 of the Corporations Act. However:

- (a) despite section 252G(4) of the Corporations Act, a notice of meeting sent by post is taken to be given the day after it is posted;
- (b) despite section 252R(2) of the Corporations Act, if at any time there is only one Unit Holder, the quorum for a meeting is one Unit Holder;
- (c) despite section 252R(3) of the Corporations Act, if an individual is attending a meeting both as a Unit Holder and as a proxy or body corporate representative, the Trustee may, in determining whether a quorum is present, count the individual in respect of each such capacity more than once; and
- (d) despite section 252Y(2) of the Corporations Act, an appointment of a proxy:
  - (i) is valid even if it does not specify the Unit Holder's address; and
  - (ii) may be a standing one.

#### 29.3 Calling and holding meetings while the Trust is not a Registered Scheme

While the Trust is not a Registered Scheme, meetings of Unit Holders must be called and held in accordance with this clause.

- (a) The Trustee may convene a meeting of Unit Holders at any time and shall convene a meeting of Unit Holders on receiving a request in writing to do so signed by a Unit Holder or Unit Holders holding not less than 10% of the issued Units.
- (b) Not less than 14 days' notice shall be given of every such meeting (unless all the Unit Holders shall agree in writing to dispense with notice) and such notice shall specify the general nature of the business to be transacted thereat.
- (c) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless at the time when the meeting proceeds to business there are present (in person or by proxy) a quorum of at least two Unit Holders who between them hold at least 40% of the issued Units of the classes entitled to vote at the meeting.
- (d) If, within 15 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, a quorum is not present:
  - the meeting, if convened on the requisition of Unit Holders, shall be dissolved; and

- (ii) in any other case, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place and if at an adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall be dissolved.
- (e) A person nominated by the Trustee shall preside as chairperson at each meeting.
- (f) The chairperson shall not have any casting vote (in the event of an equality of votes) in addition to any vote or votes to which he or she may be entitled as a Unit Holder.
- (g) Every question at any meeting shall be decided in the first instance by a show of hands, but a poll may be demanded before or immediately after any question is put to a show of hands by a Unit Holder or Unit Holders holding between them not less than 10% of the issued Units.
- (h) Subject to any special rights or restrictions in relation to Units of any Class, each Unit Holder present shall on a show of hands have one vote and on a poll have one vote for every Unit held by that Unit Holder.
- (i) Votes may be given either personally or by proxy.
- (j) Without the consent of the Trustee, no person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Unit Holder provided that where a corporation is a Unit Holder, the proxy may be an officer of such corporation.
- (k) In the case of joint Unit Holders, any one of such joint Unit Holders may vote either personally or by proxy as if that Unit Holder were solely entitled to the Units comprised in the Unit Holding, but if more than one of such joint Unit Holders be present at any meeting, either personally or by proxy, that one of the joint Unit Holders so present whose name stands first on the register in respect of the joint holding shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof.
- (I) The accidental omission to give notice or sufficient notice to any Unit Holder shall not invalidate any meeting or any of the proceedings thereat, nor shall any irregularity which does not unfairly prejudice any person.
- (m) The accidental omission to give notice or sufficient notice to any Unit Holder shall not invalidate any meeting or any of the proceedings thereat, nor shall any irregularity which does not unfairly prejudice any person.

# 29.4 Clauses applying to meetings irrespective of whether or not the Trust is a Registered Scheme

Clauses 29.5 to 29.8 apply irrespective of whether or not the Trust is a Registered Scheme.

#### 29.5 Resolution binding on Unit Holders

A resolution passed at:

- (a) a meeting of Unit Holders is binding on all Unit Holders; and
- (b) a meeting of a Class of Unit Holders is binding on all Unit Holders in that Class.

#### 29.6 Written resolution

Except in circumstances where the Corporations Act requires a resolution to be passed at a meeting of Unit Holders or a Class of Unit Holders, a resolution in writing signed by Unit Holders, or, where relevant, Unit Holders of a Class, together holding that number of votes necessary for the resolution to be passed is a valid resolution of the Unit Holders, or Class of Unit Holders and is effective when signed by the last of Unit Holders constituting the majority. The resolution may consist of several documents in the same form, each signed by one or more Unit Holders. A facsimile transmission or other document produced by mechanical or electronic means under the name of the Unit Holder with the Unit Holder's authority is considered to be a document in writing signed by that Unit Holder.

#### 29.7 Adjournments

The Trustee may adjourn a meeting for any reason to such time and place as determined by the Trustee.

#### 29.8 Joint Unit Holders

For the purposes of this clause 29, joint Unit Holders are counted as a single Unit Holder.

#### 30 Notices

#### 30.1 Notices to Unit Holders

- (a) Subject to the Corporations Act, a notice or other communication from the Trustee to a Unit Holder must be given in writing and may be sent to the Unit Holder's physical or electronic address (which includes fax numbers and e-mail addresses) as recorded on the Register.
- (b) Subject to the Corporations Act, a notice or other communication from the Trustee to a Unit Holder sent by:
  - (i) post, is taken to be received on the Business Day after it is posted;
  - (ii) fax, is taken to be received 1 hour after the transmitter receives confirmation of transmission from the receiving fax machine; and
  - (iii) other means, is taken to be received at the time the Trustee determines.

#### 30.2 Notices to joint Unit Holders

The Trustee may give a notice or other communication to joint Unit Holders by giving it to the Unit Holder first named in the Register for that holding.

#### 30.3 Notice to successor

The Trustee may give a notice or other communication to the persons entitled to a Unit in consequences of the death or legal disability of a Unit Holder by sending it to the legal personal representatives of the Unit Holder or trustee of the deceased Unit Holder's estate at the address supplied for the purpose by the representative or trustee (as the case may be). Until such an address has been supplied, notice may be given by sending the notice or other communication to the Unit Holder's address as recorded in the Register.

### 30.4 Signature on notice

The signature on any notice or other communication by the Trustee may be written, printed, stamped or produced electronically and the signature may be that of Trustee or of any director, secretary or other authorised officer of the Trustee.

#### 30.5 Notices to the Trustee

Notices to the Trustee by Unit Holders must be given in writing or in any other manner the Trustee determines. A notice is effective when it is received by the Trustee. A notice must be signed by the Unit Holder or a duly authorised representative (unless the Trustee waives this requirement).

### 31 Complaints

#### 31.1 Handling of Complaints

If:

- (a) the Trust is a Registered Scheme; and
- (b) a Unit Holder or former Unit Holder submits to the Trustee a Complaint,

#### the Trustee:

- (c) shall acknowledge receipt of the complaint immediately or, where immediate acknowledgement is not possible, as soon as practicable;
- (d) shall ensure that the Complaint receives proper consideration resulting in a determination by a person or body designated by the Trustee as appropriate to handle complaints;
- (e) shall act in good faith to deal with the Complaint by endeavouring to correct any error which is capable of being corrected without affecting the rights of a third party;
- (f) may, in its discretion, give any of the following remedies to the Unit Holder or former Unit Holder:
  - (i) information and explanation regarding the circumstances giving rise to the Complaint;
  - (ii) an apology; or
  - (iii) compensation for loss incurred by the Unit Holder or former Unit Holder as a direct result of the breach (if any); and
- (g) shall communicate to the complainant, as soon as practicable and, in any event, not more than 45 days after receipt by the Trustee of the Complaint (or 21 days for disputes involving default notices):
  - (i) the determination in relation to the Complaint;

- (ii) the remedies (if any) available to the Unit Holder or former Unit Holder; and
- (iii) information regarding any further avenue for Complaint,

except that the requirement to provide such a communication to the complainant does not apply where the Complaint (except for a Complaint relating to hardship) is resolved to the complainant's complete satisfaction by the end of the fifth Business Day after the Complaint is received and the complainant has not requested a response in writing.

#### 31.2 Time for final response not met

If the Trustee cannot provide a final response to the complainant within 45 days (or 21 days for disputes involving default notices) as required by clause 31.1(g), the Trustee must:

- (a) inform the complainant of:
  - (i) the status of the Complaint;
  - (ii) the reasons for the delay;
  - (iii) right to complain to the EDR Service; and
- (b) provide the name and contact details of the EDR Service to the Unit Holder.

### 32 Rights of the Trustee

#### 32.1 Right to hold Units

The Trustee and/or any of its Associates may hold Units in any capacity.

#### 32.2 Other capacities

Subject to the Corporations Act, nothing in this Trust Deed restricts the Trustee (in its personal capacity or in any other capacity other than as responsible entity or trustee of the Trust) and/or any of its Associates:

- (a) dealing with the Trustee (as responsible entity or trustee of the Trust or in another capacity), an Associate of the Trustee or with any Unit Holder;
- (b) borrowing from the Trustee in its personal capacity or in any other capacity other than as responsible entity or trustee of the Trust;
- (c) being interested in any contract or transaction or matter with the Trustee (as responsible entity or trustee of the Trust or in another capacity), an Associate of the Trustee or with any Unit Holder or retaining for its or their own benefit any profits or benefits derived from any such contract or transaction;
- (d) acting in the same or a similar capacity in relation to any other trust or managed investment scheme; or
- (e) any dealings with any entity in which the Assets are invested,

and in each case the Trustee (or any Associate) may retain for its own benefit all profits or benefits derived from that activity.

#### 32.3 Trustee may rely

The Trustee may take and may act upon:

- (a) the opinion or advice of counsel or solicitors, whether or not instructed by the Trustee, in relation to the interpretation of this Trust Deed or any other document (whether statutory or otherwise) or generally in connection with the Trust;
- (b) advice, opinions, statements or information from any bankers, accountants, auditors, valuers and any other persons consulted by the Trustee who are in each case believed by the Trustee in good faith to be expert in relation to the matters upon which they are consulted;
- (c) a document which the Trustee believes in good faith to be the original or a copy of an appointment by the Trustee of a person to act as their agent for any purpose connected with the Trust; and
- (d) any other document provided to the Trustee in connection with the Trust upon which it is reasonable for the Trustee to rely,

and the Trustee shall not be liable for anything done, suffered or omitted by it in good faith in reliance upon such opinion, advice, statement, information or documents.

# 33 Trust Deed legally binding

This Trust Deed binds the Trustee and each present and future Unit Holder and any person claiming through any of them in accordance with its terms (as amended from time to time) as if each of them had been a party to this Trust Deed.

# 34 Other obligations excluded

Except as required by the Corporations Act, all obligations of the Trustee which may otherwise be implied or imposed by law or equity are expressly excluded to the extent permitted by law, including, without limitation, any obligation of the Trustee in its capacity as trustee of the Trust arising under any statute.

#### 34.1 Payment

- (a) Any money payable by the Trustee to a Unit Holder under this Trust Deed may be paid by a crossed not negotiable cheque made payable to the Unit Holder and posted to the Unit Holder's address as supplied in the Register.
- (b) A Unit Holder, with the consent of the Trustee, may nominate in writing (or in such other manner approved by the Trustee) that money owing to it under this Trust Deed be paid by cheque or otherwise into a designated account with a financial institution or to a nominated person.

- (c) A cheque issued to a Unit Holder which is presented and paid, or where the payment is to a financial institution or nominated person payment to the institution or person, discharges the Trustee in respect of the payment.
- (d) The Trustee may determine that any cheque not presented within six Months or any electronic fund transfer which is unsuccessful at least twice times is cancelled. If the Trustee so determines the amount of the cheque or electronic fund transfer may be reinvested in Units under a distribution reinvestment arrangement referred to in clause 5.4. The reinvestment is deemed to be made on the day the cheque or electronic fund transfer is cancelled.
- (e) The Trustee is entitled to keep any interest accrued on money payable to a Unit Holder or former Unit Holder.
- (f) Money payable to the Trustee may from time to time be paid in a manner other than that described in this clause 34 with the Trustee's consent.
- (g) The Trustee may deduct from any amount to be paid, or received from, a Unit Holder or a person who was previously a Unit Holder any amount the Trustee is authorised or required to deduct by law, the Trust Deed or any product disclosure document for the Trust of which the terms are binding on the Unit Holder.

### 35 Severability

If any provision of this Trust Deed is held or found to be void, invalid or otherwise unenforceable, so much hereof as is necessary to render it valid and enforceable shall be deemed to be severed but the remainder of this Trust Deed will remain in full force and effect.

# 36 Governing law

This Trust Deed is governed by the laws of the State of Victoria and the parties hereby submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of that State.

**EXECUTED** as a deed.

# **Newmark Capital (Chadstone) Property Trust Deed**

# Schedule 1 - Expenses

The following are examples of Expenses for which the Trustee may be reimbursed out of the Assets and are not intended to limit the Expenses which may be payable:

Expenses in any way connected with:

- the preparation, approval, execution, interpretation and enforcement of this Trust Deed, the formation of the Trust and any supplemental deed or proposed supplemental deed to amend this Trust Deed, including Advisers' fees;
- (b) the preparation, approval, implementation, audit and interpretation of a Compliance Plan;
- (c) the preparation, review, approval, distribution and production of any disclosure document or offering memorandum in respect of Units or any other interest in the Trust, marketing material or other documents whether required by law or otherwise to be prepared in respect of the Trust;
- (d) the acquisition, disposal, insurance, custody and any other dealing with Assets;
- the sale or proposed sale, purchase or proposed purchase, holding, valuation, insurance, custody, development, project management, property management, leasing and any other dealing with Assets;
- (f) the investigation, negotiation or acquisition of any proposed investment;
- (g) the administration, management, valuation or promotion of the Trust or its Assets and Liabilities, including without limitation:
  - (i) the establishment and maintenance of accounts and Registers;
  - iissuing Units by the Trustee or any sales of Units by one or more Unit Holders, including underwriting costs, including brokerage and commission payable to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe or procuring or agreeing to procure subscription for Units;
  - (iii) computer operation and development and data processing;
  - (iv) office expenses associated with postage, cheques, transaction advices, accounts, distribution statements, notices, reports and other documents sent to a Unit Holder under this Trust Deed;
  - (v) dealing with Unit Holder enquiries;
  - (vi) communications with Unit Holders (written or otherwise);
  - (vii) investor tours, analyst tours, publications and other promotional costs, whether in relation to the establishment of the Trust or on an ongoing basis:
  - (viii) leasing premises outside of Australia for the Trustee in connection with the Trust; and

- (ix) any travel expenses incurred in connection with the Trust;
- (h) convening and holding meetings of Unit Holders and carrying out the direction of the meetings;
- (i) Taxes (provided they are not on the personal account of the Trustee and including any GST charged to the Trustee), stamp duty and financial institution fees;
- (j) the inclusion of the Trust on any IDPS list;
- (k) the engagement of delegates, agents, Advisers and Valuers;
- (I) without limiting paragraph (k), the payment of Management Fees, performance fees or other fees associated with the engagement of any investment manager or other delegate;
- (m) preparation and audit of the taxation returns and accounts of the Trust;
- (n) termination of the Trust and the retirement or removal of the Trustee and the appointment of a replacement;
- (o) any court proceedings, arbitration or other dispute concerning the Trust including proceedings against the Trustee, except to the extent that the Trustee is found by a court to be in breach of trust or to have been grossly negligent in which case any expenses paid or reimbursed under this paragraph (o) shall be repaid;
- (p) the establishment and operation of a Compliance Committee in connection with the Trust, including costs and expenses reasonably incurred by and any fees paid to or insurance premiums in respect of Compliance Committee Members;
- (q) while there is no Compliance Committee, any costs and expenses associated with the board of directors of the Trustee carrying out the functions which would otherwise be carried out by a Compliance Committee, including (if the Trust is a Registered Scheme) any fees paid to or insurance premiums in respect of external directors appointed to satisfy the requirements of Chapter 5C of the Corporations Act;
- (r) admission of the Trust to the ASX or any other stock exchange, its continuing compliance with the rules of any such exchange, or in relation to any removal of the Trust from the official list of the ASX or any other exchange or the suspension of any Units from trading by the ASX or any other exchange;
- (s) complying with any law or any request or requirement of the ASIC or any other regulatory authority in relation to the Trust;
- (t) fees payable to ASIC or any other regulatory authority in relation to the Trust or Units;
- (u) the assigning or maintaining of a credit rating to the Trust; and
- (v) raising money or otherwise obtaining financial accommodation for the Trust, including a capital raising by the Trust, including fees payable to any underwriter or broker.

# **Newmark Capital (Chadstone) Property Trust Deed**

# Schedule 2 - AMIT provisions

### 1 Unit Holders' clearly defined interests

- (a) The provisions that follow (without seeking to be exhaustive) are intended to ensure that the terms of this Trust Deed provide that the rights to income and capital of each Unit held by a Unit Holder in the Trust constitute Clearly Defined Rights.
- (b) To the extent required by the AMIT Regime in order for the Unit Holders to have Clearly Defined Rights:
  - (i) the Trustee may not exercise any right or power, whether it is one provided to the Trustee under this Trust Deed or under any statutory or general law rights or powers of a trustee, which would result in the rights to the income and capital of the Trust arising from each Unit in each relevant AMIT for the Trust to not be clearly defined for the purposes of section 276-10(1)(b) of the Tax Act:
  - (ii) the Trustee must treat Unit Holders who hold Units of the same class equally and Unit Holders who hold Units of a different class fairly, except to the extent that the Trustee directs an amount arising from the sale of an Asset to a particular Unit Holder in the circumstances described in clause 8.12(c); and
  - (iii) in addition to the requirements of clause 25, no amendment can be made to this Trust Deed (including for the avoidance of doubt, the rights attaching to Units of a particular Class issued under clause 4.5 of this Trust Deed) which would or may cause the requirements of this clause to not be met.

# 2 Trustee powers in relation to AMIT Regime

- (a) The Trustee has all of the powers and rights which are necessary and expedient to enable the Trust to comply with and effectively operate as an AMIT for the purposes of the AMIT Regime.
- (b) Without limiting the Trustee's other powers or seeking to be exhaustive, for the purposes of the AMIT Regime, the Trustee has the power to:
  - (i) work out the Trust Component of each applicable character of the Trust, or each Class, for a Financial Year;
  - (ii) attribute all of the Trust Components and Determined Trust Components of the Trust, or each Class, to Unit Holders for the Financial Year under the AMIT Regime, including make an attribution of income of a particular category, source or character for tax purposes;
  - (iii) make an alteration to the Trustee's attribution of the Trust Components and Determined Trust Components of the Trust, or each Class, to Unit Holders under the AMIT Regime including, without limitation, making alterations as a result of the Trustee applying the Unders and Overs Rules;

- (iv) issue (or reissue as the case may be) an AMMA Statement;
- (v) where the Trust has more than one Class of Units on issue, to make a choice that each Class be treated as a separate AMIT. If the Trustee has made a choice that each Class is to be treated as a separate AMIT for the purposes of the AMIT Regime, only include the relevant income and expenses that relate to that Class in calculating the Trust Components and Determined Trust Components of each Class;
- (vi) make a determination in relation to and maintain accounts for each of the separate categories of income and/or capital depending on the character of that income and/or capital for the purpose of working out a Trust Component and a Member Component as required under the AMIT Regime;
- (vii) allocate costs, expenses, deductions and other similar amounts directly against the categories of income or capital to which they relate or, in any other case, perform the allocation on a reasonable basis; and
- (viii) issue particular Units on terms that those Units represent a debt-like AMIT instrument for the purposes of the AMIT Regime.
- (c) Subject to the Corporations Act, the Trustee is not liable to any Unit Holder or former Unit Holder with respect to adjustments it makes to any Trust Component in applying the Unders and Overs Rules provided that the Trustee makes those adjustments in accordance with the AMIT Regime and irrespective of whether any choice made by the Trustee results in a different attribution outcome for the Unit Holder than if the Trustee had not made the choice, or had made the choice in a different way.

# 3 Attribution of trust components

- (a) The Trustee must attribute all of the Trust Components and Determined Trust Components of:
  - (i) the Trust; or
  - (ii) if the Trustee has made a choice that each Class will be treated as a separate AMIT, each Class in the Trust,

in respect of a Financial Year, to the Unit Holders or former Unit Holders under the AMIT Regime.

- (b) The Trustee undertakes to perform attribution under clause 3(a) in accordance with the following principles:
  - (i) the amount of each Unit Holder's or former Unit Holder's Member Components and Determined Member Components of a particular character is so much of the Trust's Determined Trust Component of that particular character as is attributable to the Units in the Trust held by the Unit Holder or former Unit Holder, having regard to the provisions of this Trust Deed;

- (ii) subject to 3(b)(iv), the attribution must be worked out on a fair and reasonable basis, in accordance with this Trust Deed and any other documents that constitute constituent documents for the Trust;
- (iii) subject to 3(b)(iv), the Trustee must not attribute any part of a Determined Trust Component to a Unit Holder or former Unit Holder because of the tax characteristics of the Unit Holder or former Unit Holder;
- (iv) the Trustee may direct an amount arising from the sale of an Asset to a particular Unit Holder in the circumstances described in clause 8.12(c).
- (v) if there is more than one Class on issue in the Trust and the Trustee has made a choice that each Class will be treated as a separate AMIT, each Class will be treated as a separate AMIT for the purposes of determining the attribution under clause 3(a) and the Trustee must only attribute Determined Trust Components of a particular Class to Unit Holders of that Class (and not any other Class); and
- (vi) the Trustee must attribute to each Unit Holder or former Unit Holder, so much of the Determined Trust Components of the Trust or the relevant Class (if relevant) as are reflected in any Distribution Entitlements that the Unit Holder or former Unit Holder has become entitled to during the Financial Year.
- (c) Where the Trustee exercises its power to attribute a Determined Trust Component for the purposes of the AMIT Regime:
  - it is not intended the Trustee make any material alteration to the quantum or basis of distribution of the income and/or capital contemplated in the existing Distribution Entitlement provisions or amount payable to a Unit Holder under this Trust Deed (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the rights attaching to Units of a particular Class issued under clause 4.5 of this Trust Deed);
  - (ii) the attribution of a Determined Trust Component of a particular AMIT character should reflect that rights and entitlements to income and capital contemplated in the existing Distribution Entitlement provisions under this Trust Deed (including for the avoidance of doubt, the rights attaching to Units of a particular Class issued under clause 4.5 of this Trust Deed) and should not be materially different from those rights and entitlements.

# 4 Ceasing to be an AMIT

If the Trust ceases to be an AMIT in respect of any Financial Year, then in determining the Net Income of the Trust for that or any subsequent Financial Year and to the extent required by the AMIT Regime, an appropriate adjustment must be made in the discovery year to take into account any over or under distributions of any tax component from any prior period in which the Trust was an AMIT.

### 5 Determined Member Component Choice

- (a) If a Unit Holder makes or intends to make a Determined Member Component Choice (in this clause, a **Choice**) for the purposes of the AMIT Regime, the Unit Holder must:
  - before providing notice of such Choice to the Commissioner of Taxation, provide the Trustee not less than seven days' notice of its intention to do so and a summary of the reasons why the Unit Holder considers the attribution to be inappropriate;
  - (ii) provide to the Trustee all information the Trustee reasonably requests in relation to any act, matter or thing relating to any Choice; and
  - (iii) consent to the Trustee becoming a party to any proceedings with the Commissioner of Taxation relating to the Choice.
- (b) The Unit Holder acknowledges that if a Unit Holder makes a Choice it may be necessary or desirable for the Trustee to issue an amended AMMA Statement to deal with the proper attribution of the relevant income or tax attribute amongst the Unit Holders for the purposes of the AMIT Regime.
- (c) The Trustee shall have no liability in respect of any act, matter or thing done or omitted to be done by a Unit Holder in relation to a Choice.
- (d) The Trustee has the right to issue or reissue any AMMA Statement to the Unit Holder or other Unit Holders if a Unit Holder makes a Choice.

#### 6 Debt-like AMIT instruments

The Unit Holders and holders of the debt-like AMIT instruments acknowledge that the attribution rules in the AMIT Regime that apply in relation to the attribution of a particular AMIT character do not apply in relation to the holding of a debt-like AMIT instrument.

# 7 AMIT indemnity

Pursuant to this clause 7, the Trustee is entitled to be indemnified out of the Assets for any liability that:

- (a) is incurred by the Trustee in relation to the proper performance of its duties; and
- (b) either:
  - (i) is an Attribution Income Tax Liability of the Trustee; or
  - (ii) results from a Unit Holder or former Unit Holder making a claim against the Trustee in relation to an Attribution Income Tax Liability of the Unit Holder or former Unit Holder (as the case may be) that results from an attribution by the Trustee under section 276-210 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act* 1997 (Cth) to the interests held by the Unit Holder or former Unit Holder.